Recognized Authority on Connellsville Coke Trade.

The Weekly Courier.

Circulates Wherever Coke is Manufactured or Used.

VOL. 33, NO. 51. CONNELLSVILLE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 27, 1912 EIGHT PAGES.

Prices and Prospects.

DEADLOCK CONTINUES WITH OPERATORS FIRM IN DEMAND FOR $2.50 CONTRACTS.

Nothing Has Come of Proposed Combine of Furnacemen.

$1.50 COMPROMISE PREDICTED

This is by Observers and Will Hardly be Acted Upon—Situation Rapidly Growing Acute With Advantage on the Side of the Coke Operators

Special to The Weekly Courier

PITTSBURG June 26.—The deadlock between operators and furnacemen over the price of furnace coke for second half contract continues with the honors about even and with the suspense decidedly increased. The situation is really intense and each side is wondering whether the frequent observation of a distinguished general in the Civil War. Remember boys those fellows are as much afraid of us as we are of them is applicable to the situation between the merchant operators of the Connellsville coke region and the blast furnacemen of the East and Central West.

There has been no break in the ranks of either the operators or the furnaces while the ranks of the operators are better lined up than are those of the furnaces. There has been talk of a definite combine among the blast furnaces but nothing has come of it so that the blast furnace operators are practically working independent of each other though their minds seem to run very much in the same channel $2.00 coke. Some observers are predicting a compromise at $2.25 but if there is no more spirit of compromise in this industry than there is in politics at this season of the year the suggestion is not well timed.

Smelter coke has not as yet made the predicted advance on account of the high price of copper. A gentleman who knows the copper market thoroughly states that the great majority of those producing at present are making 100 per cent. and on that basis the price they would have to pay for coke would cut a very small figure. However smelter coke is now quoted at about $1.60 to $1.70 against $1.75 to $1.85 a few weeks ago when prompt furnace coke was as high higher than it is today.

There has been very little one in the prompt coke market for the past few days. Furnaces are well supplied for the balance of the month. They might buy considerable tonnage for July to avoid having to contract at once but they do not seem to be doing it at present. However there were sales of considerable tonnage recently and it is believed that several of the furnaces having contracts expiring this month have accumulated a reserve though in no case enough to run for a whole month. Prompt furnace coke is so quiet that prices can hardly be quoted precisely but the tone seems to be that it is available against ordinary requirements at $1.75 or $2.00.

A number of foundry coke contracts expire with this month. A few have already been closed but at the moment the disposition to close on the part of the remaining buyers is not very strong. The furnace coke position is being watched narrowly. Foundry coke consumers realize that they can buy foundry coke cheaper now than if the furnaces come across on the $2.50 price but they also fear if the deal falls through they would save money by waiting. The general asking price on foundry coke contracts runs from $2.50 to $2.75 though $2.50 can be shaded slightly with some fairly good bids. As a rule operators ask a little more for twelve month than for six month contracts. We quote the market approximately as follows:

Prompt furnace	$1.75@2.00
Contract furnace (nominal)	$2.00
Prompt foundry	$2.50@2.60
Contract foundry	$2.50@2.75

The pig iron market has been very quiet the past week with little inquiry but absolutely no pressure on the part of furnaces to sell.

The tone is a little stronger due to recent purchases of foundry and Basic the latter being possibly higher at $13.50 Valley as there is evidently no more $13 iron available. There has not been any for several weeks except odd lots for early shipment. Quotations now are: Bessemer $14.25 Basic $13.25 No. 2 Foundry $13.25 Gray Forge $13.50 Mallet $13.00 all f. o. b. Valley furnaces 90 cents higher delivered Pittsburg.

YEAR IN JAIL IS GIVEN SAM GOMPERS FOR CONTEMPT

National Committee Decides to Leave Important Matters Entirely in His Hands

WASHINGTON June 24.—Samuel Gompers President of the American Federation of Labor was sentenced to one year in jail for contempt of court by Justice Wright of the District of Columbia Supreme Court today. Frank A. Morrison Secretary of the Federation was sentenced to six months in jail on a same offense. Both gave notice of appeal and were released on $5,000 bell.

John Mitchell also found guilty of contempt in the proceedings growing out of the publication of the Buck Stove & Range Company of St. Louis in an unfair list, was not present in court and his sentence was deferred.

NO DEVELOPMENT

Steel Market Will Remain Quiet for Several Weeks Yet

NEW YORK June 26.—The American Metal Market and Daily Iron and Steel Report will say tomorrow:

In an atmosphere surcharged with political excitement both Republican and Democratic, the iron and steel market does not have an opportunity to show its real colors and current events and conditions very probably do not represent the real strength of the undertone. This may be overestimated as well as underestimated for, while political excitement may be held to keep the market from showing its real strength it may also furnish an excuse for a rating of its strength which is above the fact. Men may be looking for an improvement after the peak of the political excitement is past and may be disappointed. In any event it is not likely that the next two months will show any important developments marketwise. Prices will hardly advance materially except with a distinct buying movement; they would be as likely to stagnate downwards as to stagnate upwards.

The steel mills are probably better filled with real and sound business in finished steel than ever before in their history. They will be able to operate at the present rate through the summer without difficulty. Production is likely to decline somewhat purely on account of weather conditions which normally would affect production more than consumption. It is having rather than consumption which tends towards curtailment in the summer and that largely through the vacation habit.

Pig iron production is at the rate of very close to 30,000,000 tons a year representing at a rough approximation 90% of the steel works furnaces and 60% of the merchant furnaces. The precise percentages cannot possibly be stated as the total pig iron capacity of the country is not susceptible of precise definition so many furnaces being classifiable as possible under some market conditions and entirely impossible under others. Merchant furnace production would probably increase were coke as low as a year ago but with the Connellsville operators continuing to demand $2.50 as a second half contract price but with serious doubts by how far they will gain their point the merchant furnaces are reserved about making plans for resumption.

ALABAMA'S COAL OUTPUT

Over 15,000,000 Tons Were Produced in 1911

The production of coal in Alabama in 1911 was 15,018,[illegible] short tons with a value of $19,077,489 according to E. W. Parker of the United States Geological Survey. From the depressed condition of the iron industry in 1911 it was estimated in a preliminary review published by the Survey in the closing week of 1911 that the coal production of Alabama had decreased about 10 per cent from the high record of 16,111,[illegible] short tons made in 1910. The quantity of coal made into coke which is immediately affected by the demands of the iron furnaces showed according to the final figures a decrease of 24 per cent from 4,417,113 tons in 1910 to 3,129,332 tons in 1911. This decrease was in part made up however by an increase of approximately 200,000 tons in the production for other purposes and the total decrease amounted to only 1,092,497 short tons or 6.8 per cent. The decrease in value somewhat less in proportion was 9.7 per cent from $20,246,863 to $19,077,489. The average price per ton advanced from $1.26 in 1910 to $1.27 in 1911.

The coal mines of Alabama in 1911 were practically free from labor troubles only one instance of disaffection having been reported.

HEMPFIELD NO. 1 WINS

First Aid to Injured Contests Held at Greensburg

GREENSBURG Pa. June 23.—In the first annual first aid to the injured contest held by the Keystone Coal & Coke Company in the Seventh ward Saturday afternoon in which 21 teams competed the Hempfield No. 1 team carried off the honors with a record of 97.6 per cent. The winning team was awarded a silver cup and $60 in cash. The Crows Nest team was second and received $40. Salem was third and received $20. Greensburg No. 2 Sewickley and Madison teams all tied for fourth place. Fourteen of the 21 teams made percentages of more than 90 in the contest. Before the contest started 3,000 miners marched in a parade through the Greensburg streets. H. F. Bovard was the chief marshal.

SURPRISE FOR FEELY

Popular Store Manager at United Leaves Union Supply

Two hundred persons from the upper end of the coke region gathered at United June 21 to do honor to W. G. Feely the retiring store manager of the United plant of the H. C. Frick Coke Company. Meeting at the home of S. B. Fisher the crowd was led by the United Cornet Band to Mr. Feely's home.

A beautiful five piece silver set was presented to Mr. Feely. Lunch was served at 10 P. M., followed by a musicale. Mr. Feely leaves United with a host of friends behind all of whom wish him luck in his new position.

Review of the Connellsville Coke Trade.

Statistical Summary.

PRODUCTION	WEEK ENDING JUNE 22 1912				WEEK ENDING JUNE 15 1912			
DISTRICT	Ovens	In	Out	Tons	Ovens	In	Out	Tons
Connellsville	22,708	17,587	5,121	210,571	22,709	17,579	5,129	219,185
Lower Connellsville	15,949	14,013	1,936	163,158	15,948	13,865	2,083	172,087
Totals	38,657	31,600	7,057	373,723	38,657	31,444	7,213	391,792
FURNACE OVENS.								
Connellsville	18,099	14,240	3,859	171,527	18,099	14,290	3,809	177,697
Lower Connellsville	5,671	4,583	1,088	57,547	5,671	4,561	1,110	59,859
Totals	23,770	18,823	4,947	229,074	23,770	18,761	5,009	237,556
MERCHANT OVENS								
Connellsville	4,609	3,347	1,262	39,044	4,609	3,379	1,230	41,488
Lower Connellsville	10,278	9,430	848	105,811	10,278	9,304	974	112,798
Totals	14,887	12,777	2,110	144,855	14,887	12,683	2,204	154,286

SHIPMENTS	WEEK ENDING JUNE 22 1912	WEEK ENDING JUNE 15 1912
To Pittsburg	6,208 Cars	4,231 Cars
To Points West of Pittsburg	6,072 Cars	6,291 Cars
To Points East of the Region	1,081 Cars	1,315 Cars
Totals	13,361 Cars	11,837 Cars

BIG COAL MERGER IN THE PITTSBURG DISTRICT PLANNED

Five Companies Plan Combination on $50,000,000 Scale.

UNMINED ACREAGE IS 40,000

Holdings Located Principally in Westmoreland and Washington Counties Subsidiary Holdings Give Docking Facilities on the Lake—Deal is On

One of the largest corporations to be organized in Pittsburg in many years shortly is to be launched. Confirmation of the effort of New York financiers says the Pittsburg Post to involve the merger of five of the largest independent coal mining companies operating in the Pittsburg seam and will have a capital and bond issue of $50,000,000 and an annual production of coal of 20,000,000 tons with an unmined acreage of 40,000 acres. Financially it will be one of the strongest coal mining companies in the United States.

The five companies that are included in the move are the United Coal Company, the Pittsburg & Westmoreland Coal Company, the Pittsburg, Buffalo Company, the Youghiogheny & Ohio Coal Company and the Carnegie Coal Company. With these companies will go several subsidiary corporations such as the Carnegie Dock Company with storage docks on Lake Superior, supply companies and other adjuncts of large coal mining operations.

The negotiations working towards the elimination of this double bidding are under way for the past three months in conferences being held both in Pittsburg and New York. It can be stated positively that the financing of this new corporation has been definitely assured through Eastern bankers who represent the most powerful financial interests of New York providing the terms are satisfactory to the present individual companies. It is the winding up of this negotiation that is now being given all attention and the outlook is regarded as very promising.

The organization of the new corporation will be built on a stock issue of $25,000,000 and a bond issue of a like sum. The bonds will be subscribed in the East. It is proposed to select a President for the new corporation from among the heads of the individual companies that are to go into the merger. These include B. V. Kuhn of the Pittsburg & Westmoreland Coal Company, John B. Jones of the Pittsburg Buffalo Company, John G. Patterson of the Youghiogheny & Ohio Coal Company, J. S. Kunz of the United Coal Company, Joel Stone and or Jesse H. Sanford of the Carnegie Coal Company.

The largest of the individual interests to be absorbed in this new company will be the plant and properties of the Pittsburg & Westmoreland Coal Company with some 20,000 acres of coking coal land and a capacity of 4,000,000 tons a year production and with 300,000 tons annually of coke production. The other companies include the Carnegie Coal Company with about 1,800 acres of coal which is strengthened with docks superior on docks and a strong position in the Northwestern trade, the Pittsburg Buffalo Company with from 5,000 to 6,000 acres and 150 coke ovens, the United Coal Company with from 4,000 to 5,000 acres and the Youghiogheny & Ohio Coal Company with about 6,000 acres, the latter company with a production of 1,000,000 tons of coal a year.

By absorbing these companies there remains about 15 to 20 individual companies in the Pittsburg coal seam as competitors in a small way but the bulk of the production in Pittsburg will be left in the hands of practically two large corporations, the Pittsburg Coal Company and the new company now forming.

While the utmost secrecy has been maintained in the negotiations up to the present time it is learned that one of the chief motives for the carrying out of this project was to organize behind production of the Pittsburg producing seam that a more economical operation of mines could be effected and that additional economies is rapidly becoming a serious factor through improved safety rules by the Government and that a more uniform coal market. There is within this property to be included about 50 years supply of coal at the present rate of production to consume this and secure the largest possible output per man under the improved mining conditions will require the best possible skill and ability on the part of the mine operators. It is argued that only by the consolidation of these companies into a single concentrated effort that existing conditions can be met successfully.

Insofar as the company violating any portion of the Sherman law it is pointed out that the new company will at best represent but 4 per cent of the coal mining of Pennsylvania and less than 16 per cent in the Pittsburg district.

The fact that much of the coking coal is included in the properties of this new corporation lends additional importance to the proposed merger as two of the companies have coke plants at the present time and others being in shape to build coke plants and produce a high grade of furnace coke with such coal as they are now mining. The Pittsburg & Westmoreland Coal Company holdings are almost entirely of a high grade coking coal and its coke plant is one of the most modern as well as most economical of operation in the Pittsburg territory.

The fact that the old Connellsville basin coke is rapidly approaching a point of exhaustion is adding to the future possibilities of this company. A report recently published in the Connellsville Courier by a prominent authority states that 78 plants located in the old basin in eight years will have become exhausted and out of business and at the outset in thirty years the Connellsville region will be a forest of abandoned operations. The new company holds the next adjoining coking region coal of the region.

Following the proposition to merge the three coal companies in the Pittsburg territory has been under discussion and whenever the subject was pinned down to any one of several interests it was evided or denied. The matter has finally reached a point where these early rumors have crystallized into facts. The promoters of this great enterprise base their faith on Pittsburg coal as unlimited supply and a large and a steadily increasing demand. Their belief in the fact that coal has been needlessly sacrificed on the low prices on mining a class mining to reduce costs that can be checked by a system and selective product so would increase safety of miners and profits, the life of the field by saving larger percentage of coal which actuates this movement. It is the intention to retain the active interest of the various individual companies and the benefit of the experienced operators in the management of this greater company.

The headquarters of the company will be established in Pittsburg and the trade held by each one particularly protected and developed. Pittsburgh men will be financially interested to a large extent and much of the stock and many of the bonds will be held in Pittsburg should the deal go through. An authoritative statement concerning the deal is expected in a few weeks. Only minor details remain to be adjusted before the signature of the various corporations are attached to the articles of agreement.

To Extend Use of Telephone

In a short time the Canadian Pacific railway will have adopted a system of dispatching trains by telephone from Winnipeg to Vancouver.

Mills Near Capacity

Officials of the United States Steel Corporation report that the mills are now being operated at about 80 per cent of capacity.

New Road Nearly Ready

Sir William Mackenzie says that the new Duluth Winnipeg & Pacific railway will be finished next month.

MINING INSTITUTE ATTRACTS MANY TO FLOOD CITY

Interesting Session Held at Johnstown Where Papers are Read.

LEADING MINING MEN THERE

Address of Welcome Delivered by John Fulton the Well Known Expert on Mines and Mining.—Death of Labor Causing Considerable Alarm

Welcomed to Johnstown by the Hon. John Fulton to whom the opening address was delivered Tuesday the Mining Institute of Pennsylvania began its 100 meeting here. Mining men from all sections of the state are in attendance for the opening session of the 100th anniversary of the organization.

In an address delivered by the president, Mr. Fulton, he said the industry will have to adjust itself to a period of high wages and increased cost of production. Mr. Fulton said the very power of the industry of the land is the coal mining industry but being possible in the whole world if the black diamond output should cease. He spoke of the coal in the city saying it is in the 15 farms of 1,000 acres. Leslie in his book on mining geology of Pennsylvania in reference to the mining in this basin he said it is better case of the mines.

Mr. Fulton was followed by Marshall C. Moore, Superintendent of the Mining Department of the Carnegie Steel Company. He contended the world in 50 years would be unable to get all the coal it needs. Mr. Fulton said there was 7,000,000,000 tons of which 3,000,000,000 tons of which 3,000,000,000 tons of which 3

RECEIVERSHIP BLOCKS MERGER OF STEEL COS.

"Financial Stringency" Reason Assigned for Latest Move

OF ALABAMA CONSOLIDATED

C. M. Schwab Said to Have Been Interested in Proposed Merger With Southern Iron & Steel Company—Resources of the Companies.

The appointment of receivers for the Alabama Consolidated Coal & Iron Company follows the failure of the merger between the Alabama Consolidated and the Southern Iron & Steel Company; negotiations for which were started about a year ago. The appointment of receivers for the former concern is attributed to "financial stringency."

Following the talk of failure of the merger between the Southern and Alabama companies recently, rumors were current that if the Alabama company withdrew from the plan, it would be financed by different interests including Harvey Fisk & Sons and C. M. Schwab. The former had until recently acted as syndicate managers for the merger, but withdrew a few weeks ago.

It has been reported that Charles M. Schwab had offered to finance the Alabama company if that company remained independent, and that Harvey Fisk & Sons were willing to furnish $2,000,000 to rehabilitate the company, under the same conditions. This is not exactly correct. Mr. Scwab did write President Hoadley of the Alabama company enclosing a report made him by an engineer who had examined the property. The report said that the properties of the company contained about 170,000,000 tons of iron ore, and about 250,000,000 tons of coal. At present the company is producing 1,400,000 tons of coal a year.

Under the merger plan of the Alabama and Southern companies, provision was made for raising $4,000,000 to put both companies on their feet. Harvey Fisk & Sons estimated that it would take more than that, probably $2,000,000 to rehabilitate the properties.

According to the report made to Mr. Schwab, if $2,500,000 were put in to the Alabama company, it could produce pig iron at $8 per ton; and with this in mind, the head of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation is said to have made the statement to President Hoadley, that the "natural resources of the property are of great potential value."

While the merger plan of the Southern and Alabama companies has fallen through on account of the lack of necessary financing, it is possible that the interests behind the Alabama company will reorganize by putting several millions of dollars into the property and operate it independently. Both Mr. Schwab and Harvey Fisk are said to have offered to support the concern financially, and, as it is well supplied with natural resources, those interested feel that it should gradually recover from its present depressed state.

MORE THAN 2,000,000 TONS OF STEEL RAILS THIS YEAR

Orders at the Annual Rate of More Than 4,000,000 Tons Compared With 2,822,790 Tons in 1911.

Remarks of an official of one of the large independent steel companies recently, to the effect that the railroads of the country are not now buying rails, cause no surprise among the steel trade. For the first five months of 1912 roads purchased a total of about 1,850,000 tons of rails, which figure has been raised to more than 2,000,000 with the tonnage already placed during June. This month's figures should be at least 200,000 tons, as more than three-quarters of that amount has already been bought, and there is an inquiry for Australian delivery for about 135,000 tons and one for the Canadian Pacific for 15,000 tons, both of which are expected to be placed in June.

With practically 2,000,000 tons already sold in 1912, or at the annual rate of more than 4,000,000 tons, it was to be expected that orders would let up somewhat during June and July. Steel men predict that no matter how the Chicago convention goes, the roads will purchase addtional equipment, and if they wish delivery within the next three or four months, they must order soon, as mills are filled up with orders and the rolls are turning out rails at the highest possible rate of production.

As the entire year of 1911 showed only 2,822,790 tons of rails sold by American mills, the record made by the first five and one-half months of this year is regarded as satisfactory. There has never been a total of 4,000,000 tons of rails bought in any year, and while the steel mills of the country can produce more than 6,000,000 tons in a year if desirable, a normal year should show between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 tons if railroads buy what they really need for extensions and replacements.

In the following table rail sales for each year since and including 1902 are shown, also the total number of tons bought from January 1 to June 15, of 1912, with the exception of several orders placed in the last week, and not made public:

Year	Tons Bought
1912*	2,000,000
1911	2,822,790
1910	3,634,029
1909	3,023,845
1908	1,921,611
1907	3,633,654
1906	3,977,887
1905	3,375,929
1904	2,284,711
1903	2,992,477
1902	2,947,933

*Rails bought up to June 15.

Among the largest rail orders placed by railroads for 1912 delivery were those of the pennsylvania for 150,000 tons, New York Central for 110,000 tons, Great Northern 60,000 tons, Chicago & North Western 60,000 tons, Erie 65,000 tons, St. Paul 65,000 tons, New Haven 20,000 tons, Seaboard Air Line 18,000 tons, Atlantic Coast Line 12,000 tons, M. K. & T. 18,000 tons, and the additional order of the St. Paul for 25,000 tons. Besides these there are, of course, a large number of orders for 10,000 tons and less, not including foreign shipments. Oregon Short Line about ten days ago bought 12,000 tons Grand Trunk Pacific, 10,000 tons, and the latter part of last month the 'Frisco lines placed 25,000 tons among leading rail mills.

There are at present inquiries for about 200,000 tons of rails and steel men predict a renewal of rail buying in the fall. The rail mill at Gary was put on double turn for the first time several months ago and has been keeping this record up.

Rails being bought at present by the largest roads are being made of better steel than years ago, and in consequence better prices are being obtained by rail making concerns. Several of the leading roads are paying from $30 to $35 per ton for high grade open hearth rails and are satisfied that they give better service. Alloys of titanium and other metals are being used to give greater tensile strength and lasting power to the steel and roads are finding them cheaper in the end, on account of greater endurance, or lasting quality.

ABOUT 75,000 CARS BOUGHT FIRST FIVE MONTHS OF YEAR

May the Best Month so Far, 31,000 Cars Being Ordered, While January Had 18,000.

Since the first of June there has been a falling off in car and locomotive orders. This is partly due to the fact that roads have been active in buying equipment since last fall, and partly to the political agitation. It is stated by competent equipment men that as soon as the latter condition is cleared up, there will be a revival of buying by railroads, which have by no means ordered enough new equipment to take care of the increase in business expected this year, or to keep replacements. Prices for cars are low at present. Although there has been close to 80,000 cars brought thus far in 1912, there have been a number of car companies after these orders, and competition has been and is keen at present as it was at the last of 1911, when few of the equipment companies had enough business on their books to keep them running for more than two months.

For the first half of June, roads ordered about 3,500 cars and about 100 locomotives. This is at the monthly rate of February, which saw but 7,000 cars bought. For the first five months of the year, however, about 50,000 cars were ordered, or at the rate of about 192,0000 annually. This compares with 115,500 in 1911, and 145,000 in 1910. The last big year in equipment buying was in 1906, when 313,500 cars were bought. For the year previous, however, even this figure was eclipsed, for 1905 showed a total of 344,700 cars sold by equipment companies. Since 1906, however, there has been a falling off in orders, and, as it is figured that a normal year should show 190,000 to 200,000 cars bought; 1912 will, it is expected, show at least that many, and probably more, on account of extensions made in the last several years, during which time few cars were bought to replace worn out ones.

It is figured that June will see about 7,000 cars bought, if the first half of the month can be taken as a basis upon which to judge. With political matters out of the way, however, it may happen that this figure will be enlarged somewhat.

There have been some good orders placed this year, including those of the Satchison for 3,325 cars; Illinois Central for 2,500; Central Railroad of New Jersey for 1,500; Harriman lines 8,400; 'Frisco 7,000; Louisville & Nashville 1,200; Canadian Pacific 6,000; and a number for 1,000 cars or under.

Inquiries now are less than for sometime. The largest of these is that of the Boston & Maine for 3,700 cars of all classes. Philadelphia & Reading wants 1,000 freight cars, the Chicago & Northwestern 1,000, the Boston & Albany 1,000 and American Refrigerator Transit Company 1,000 refrigerators.

Canadian equipment companies are finding themselves loaded with orders the United States mills getting the overflow. The Canadian Pacific is having 14,000 made by Canadian builders, the Grand Trunk 2,500, and the Canadian Northern has 2,000 under construction by mills across the border.

DEAL FOR FOUNDRY IS POSTPONED FEW DAYS

One of the Owners of the Property Absent Monday Night and Purchase Was Not Made.

Owing to the absence of one of the owners of the Sixth street foundry, for which there are negotiations pending for its sale, the deal could not be closed Monday as intended. James McKairns, the prospective purchaser, was in town but could do nothing until all of the owners of the foundry are brought together. That the deal will eventually go through is the belief of parties interested.

Immediately following the sale of the property here Mr. McKairns will bring some of his machinery here from Alverton and install it.

PUDDLERS GET MORE.

Scale Committee Successful at Buffalo Conference.

Members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers are elated over the very satisfactory agreement reached between the wage scale committee and the Western Bar Iron Association at Buffalo, N. Y., by which the puddlers will receive a substantial increase in wages over last year's scale.

The new scale goes into effect July 1 for one year. It is based on $5.25 per ton for puddling on a 1-cent card, and advances on each $1 advance in the price of bar iron.

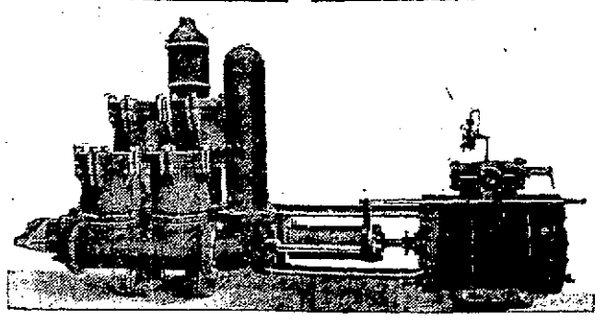
LIST OF COKE OVENS IN

The Connellsville District

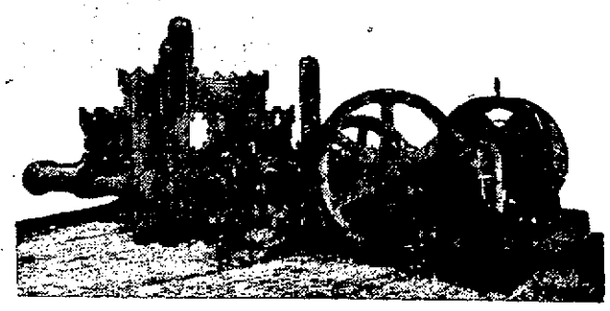
With Their Owners, Address and Ovens in Blast Corrected to Saturday, June 22, 1912.

Total Ovens.	In Blast.	Name of Works.	Name of Operators.	P. O. Address.
259	160	Acme	W. J. Rainey	New York, N. Y.
60	40	Acme	Penn Coke Co.	Uniontown
100	200	Adelaide	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
356	200	Alverton	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
207	360	Baggaley	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
182	150	Beatty	Mt. Pleasant Coke Co.	Greensburg
120	.....	Bethany	Majestic Coke Co.	Uniontown
300	246	Bitner	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
120	120	Boyer	Mt. Pleasant Coke Co.	Greensburg
240	200	Brinkerton	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
299	123	Buckeye	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
30	30	Brush Run	Brush Run Coke Company	Mt. Pleasant
260	200	Calumet	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
32	.....	Carolyn	Peerless-Connellsville Coke Co.	Pittsburg
503	330	Central	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
54	.....	Chester	Sunshine Coal & Coke Co.	Uniontown
150	150	Clare	Clare Coke Co.	Greensburg
120	100	Coalbrook	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
400	375	Collier	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
400	360	Continental No. 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
326	280	Continental No. 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
300	250	Continental No. 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
120	120	Crossland	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
832	300	Davidson	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
40	40	Dexter	Connellsville Coke Co.	Connellsville
290	160	Dorothy	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
60	40	Ellen No. 1	Whyel Coke Co.	Uniontown
50	50	Ellen No. 2	Whyel Coke Co.	Uniontown
60	60	Elizabeth	Unity-Connellsville Coke Co.	Greensburg
220	180	Elm Grove	W. J. Rainey	New York, N. Y.
184	127	Fort Hill	W. J. Rainey	New York, N. Y.
60	34	Franklin	B. F. Keister & Co.	Scottdale
107	101	Gilmore	Gilmore Coke Co.	Uniontown
124	118	Grace	W. J. Rainey	New York, N. Y.
272	240	Hecla No. 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
300	250	Hecla No. 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
300	300	Hecla No. 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
60	60	Hesters	Sunshine Coal & Coke Co.	Uniontown
120	.....	Henry Clay	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
356	300	Hostetter	Hostetter-Connellsville Coke Co.	Pittsburg
100	100	Humphrey	Bessemer Coke Co.	Pittsburg
250	220	Juniata	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
20	20	Junction	Marietta-Garrier Coal & Coke Co.	Connellsville
306	250	Kyle	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
400	420	Leisenring No. 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
498	420	Leisenring No. 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
422	420	Leisenring No. 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
304	230	Leith	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
227	200	Lemont No. 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
350	280	Lemont No. 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
20	20	Little Sunshine	King Coke Co.	Uniontown
32	32	Love	C'ville-Mutual Coal & Coke Co.	Scottdale
45	45	Magee	Magee Coke Co.	Uniontown
610	416	Mammoth	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
400	340	Marguerite	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
25	25	Marion	Marion Coke Co.	Mt. Pleasant
165	112	Morgan	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
371	214	Mt. Braddock	W. J. Rainey	New York, N. Y.
310	310	Mt. Pleasant	Mt. Pleasant Coke Co.	Greensburg, Pa.
195	115	Mutual	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
32	.....	Myers	Brownfield-C'ville Coke Co.	Uniontown
329	330	Nellie	Brown & Cochran	Dawson
202	200	Oliphant	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
128	128	Oliver No. 1	Oliver & Snyder Steel Co.	Pittsburg
400	400	Oliver No. 2	Oliver & Snyder Steel Co.	Pittsburg
300	200	Oliver No. 3	Oliver & Snyder Steel Co.	Pittsburg
211	82	Painter	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
435	285	Paul	W. J. Rainey	New York, N. Y.
25	.....	Pennsville	Pennsville Coke Co.	Pennsville
15	.....	Perry	Marietta & Stillwagon	Perry
400	160	Phillips	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
446	380	Redstone	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
520	338	Revere	W. J. Rainey	New York, N. Y.
26	26	Sapper	Shannon Coal & Coke Co.	Uniontown
110	110	Semet-Solvay	Dunbar Furnace Co.	Dunbar
42	20	Shannon	Shannon Coal & Coke Co.	Uniontown
36	36	Shirey	South Fayette Coal & Coke Co.	Uniontown
448	302	Shoaf	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
625	400	Southwest No. 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
220	120	Southwest No. 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
205	120	Southwest No. 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
61	36	Spring Grove	Cochran Bros.	Dawson
903	665	Standard	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
36	.....	Sterling No. 2	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
155	46	Stewart	Stewart Iron Co.	Uniontown
135	.....	Summit	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
40	26	Thomas	Whyel Coke Co.	Uniontown
464	420	Trotter	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
360	300	United	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
246	100	Valley	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
60	60	Veteran	Mt. Pleasant Coke Co.	Greensburg
150	110	White	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
352	300	Whitney	Hostetter-Connellsville Coke Co.	Pittsburg
300	240	Wynn	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
160	440	Yorkran	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg
241	220	Youngstown	H. C. Frick Coke Co.	Pittsburg

YOUGH PUMPS



Size: 24"x12"x36" Wood Lined Double Plunger Mine Pump, Valve Chambers wood and lead lined.



Size: 10"x12" Duplex, Double Plunger, Electric Driven Wood Lined Mine Pump, operated by 75-H.P. Motor. Valve Chambers wood and lead lined.

Pumps built for every kind of service, Steam, Electric or Air Driven, in Plunger or Piston Pattern. Special attention given to Pumps for mine service. Boiler Feeders with self-grinding Bronze Valves, outside end packed Plungers. Superior features of the Yough Pump:—Great strength, durability, material, and low cost of operation and maintenance.

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CONNELLSVILLE, PA., U. S. A.

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General Office, DAWSON, FAYETTE COUNTY, PA.

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Steam Gas Coking

CONNELLSVILLE COKE
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Low Sulphur Hard Structure

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Map and Directory of Coal Mines of Virginia

on the Norfolk & Western Ry., Louisville and Nashville R. R., Carolina, Clinchfield and Ohio Ry., Southern (V. & S. W.) Ry., Interstate R. R., Virginia and Kentucky Ry., and the Wise Terminal Ry. Price $1.00. Printed on heavy ledger paper. Gives all details needful for traveling salesman and office use. No advertising on it. Fox and Peck, Big Stone Gap, Va. Money refunded if not satisfactory.

BINDERS FOR MACADAM ROADS

Important Uses of Asphalt Noted by Geological Survey.

A by-product of the oil industry is fast supplying the demands for asphalt in the United States. Asphalt commerce has always been guided rather by the uses to which the material could be put than by the discovery of new deposits. Thus asphalt was first brought to this country from the region of the Dead Sea and elsewhere in the East for making asphalt varnish, and especially for "japanning" metals. Asphalt found in an impure mixture with water and clay in the great asphalt lake of Trinidad has been used in large quantities for street paving.

More recently the petroleums from California and Texas have furnished, in the course of their utilization, large supplies of asphaltic residues. A man who has shown his genius in many other lines, Walter P. Jenney, was among the first to conceive the idea that this asphaltic material could be "bessemerized"—that is, blown with air in a way that would make it sticky and even elastic to a certain extent. Elastic material for roofing and even substitutes for rubber in automobile tires have been obtained from asphaltic residues by this blowing process or by treating with sulphur. This sulphurization asphalt has even been applied with good effect to elaterite and similar hard asphalts from eastern Utah. The extension of this interesting bessemerizing process holds out attractive possibilities—for example, that the same raw material may be used in both the elastic tire of the automobile and the road over which it runs.

The chief feature of the asphalt industry in 1911, as shown by the advance chapter from "Mineral Resources," published by the United States Geological Survey, "The Production of Asphalt, Related Bitumens, and Bituminous Rock," by David T. Day, is the great extension of the use of residues from the asphaltic varieties of petroleum as binders in the surfaces of macadam roads in order to prevent the rapid deterioration of these roads from automobile traffic. The asphalt used for this purpose showed a gain in quantity from 159,424 tons in 1910 to 234,961 tons in 1911. It is noted also that the importation of soft asphalt from Venezuela, which is admirably suited for this purpose, is increasing.

No Higher Pig Iron Rate.

An increase of approximately $1.03 a ton on pig iron from Duluth, Minn., and other points in upper Minnesota and Michigan to Kansas City, Omaha, Sioux City, Sioux Falls and other Middle Western destinations has been suspended by the Interstate Commerce Commission until October 29.

Pickands-Magee Co.,

Connellsville Coke

FURNACE FOUNDRY AND CRUSHED
GAS STEAM AND SMITHING COAL

Orders and Correspondence Solicited.

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SHIPPING OFFICE, First National Bank Building, Uniontown, Pa.

Graceton Coke Co.

FOUNDRY COKE

GRACETON, PA.

Our Foundry Coke is unexcelled by any. Its low sulphur and ash and high fixed carbon make it superior to many. It has the ability to give high melting ratios in your foundry.

PITTSBURG MINES REFUSED FURTHER RATE REDUCTION

Commerce Commission Denies Supplemental Petition of Operators.

DISCRIMINATION IS CHARGED

John W. Boileau Maintains First Reduction of Commission is Nullified by Further Reduction to West Virginia Operators by the Railroads.

Pittsburg coal operators were given a shock Friday when the announcement came that the Interstate Commerce Commission had refused to further reduce the rates on coal from the Pittsburg district to the lakes as had been asked in a petition filed after the Commission on March 11, last, ordered a reduction in the then existing rates from 88 to 78 cents a ton.

This ends the contest for lower freight rates as far as the Interstate Commerce Commission is concerned, and as far as it is possible to go in the present proceedings; but there was considerable talk among the leading operators that the end of the battle is not yet and that they will not rest until they have demanded a Congressional investigation of the whole rate situation or until the question has been taken up by the Federal Department of Justice.

The original complaint was filed before the interstate body by John W. Boileau of Pittsburg, representing himself and other independent operators, and their petition was joined in soon afterward by the Pittsburg Coal Company. The report of the Interstate Comission ordering the 10-cent reduction in rates, upheld the contention of the operators in every particular, although the cut of 10 cents was not considered by them sufficient. However, there was no intention of making any further complaint until the action of the roads serving the West Virginia fields—against the competition of which the Pittsburg operators sought relief—virtually nullified the decree of the interstate body, and left the dates to all intents and purposes, where they were before the complaint was filed.

The West Virginia roads, long before the complaint of the local shippers was filed, had asked the Interstate Commerce Commission for permission to raise their rates. A higher West Virginia rate would have tended to equalize the discrimination charged by the Pittsburg district shippers. But the West Virginia roads never availed themselves of the opportunity which they had sought for two years or more. Instead when the decree of the commerce body reducing the Pitsburg rates *was handed down, they actually* lowered their rates from one section and from another left the rate the same.

In their second petition the Pittsburg shippers pointed out that by this action the decree of the Interstate Comemrce Commission went for naught and maintained that there should be a further reduction of the tariff from this district to the lakes. The argument was in effect the same as that in the first complaint and there never was the least doubt among the Pitsburg men that, inasmuch as the commission had upheld their contentions in the first place, there could be any other than a decision in their favor. Speaking of the matter last night, Mr. Boileau said:

"I have not seen anything official regarding the decision of the commission. *I cannot conceive, however,* how the juages reached such a finding. The contention was the same as in the first case when we were upheld and the new point in the second petition was the blocking of the decree by the railroads in reducing the rates from West Virginia when they had asked for and had been granted permision to increase them. Their action left the situation the same as it was before our original suit was filed and we were no better off than if the commission had never acted on the complaint. Why a decision in our favor—necessary to grant us the relief asked for the first time and admitted as being just—was denied us this time is more than I can understand.

"I do not think the battle for equitable *rates in this district is over yet* by any means. The discrimination against the Pittsburg district in the matter of coal holds good with regard to ore and other heavy tonnages. If the discrimination in the one case is to go on, why not in all—and what recourse will the shippers have against anything the railroads may see fit to do?

"I have talked with several of our leading operators and they all agree that it is time the whole freight rate situation in this district was being thoroughly looked into in a manner that would insure relief, whether by a Congressional investigation or action by the Department of Justice must be determined by others.

"This question is one that affects not *only the coal operators of the immediate* section, but the union miners of Pensylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska, who would all vote for lower freight rates as compared with the rates from the competing and non-union West Virginia and Kentucky fields. A continuance of rate discrimination means the undermining of the coal industry in *this district.* Unless conditions are corrected, greater losses will be added to the already great losses suffered by this district.

"After a long struggle before the Interstate Commerce Commission, we won our fight; our claim was held to be just and proper, and it was decided that we deserved relief. When the relief was blocked it seems there was some side-stepping, and we were left where we were before. We have the glory of victory, but none of its fruits."

Commission Here.

The commission of William Anderson, chief clerk of the West Penn offices here, as notary public, was received yesterday.

THIS COUNTRY PAYS RAILROADERS BEST

Bureau of Railway Economies Shows United States to Be Far in the Lead in Wages.

Railroad employes in the United States receive twice the pay of railroad employes in the United Kingdom of Great Britain, according to a compilation by the Bureau of Railway Economics, at Washington. This covers wages paid railway employes and the cost of living, and is based on the latest years for which comparative data are available.

The average daily compensation of railway employes of all classes in 1910 was in the United States, $2.23; in the United Kingdom, $1.05; excluding supplementary allowances negligibly *effecting* the average, it was 81 cents in Prussia-Hesse, and in Austria, 89 cents. The lowest paid railway employe in the United States, the track*man, receives a greater compensation* than many of the railway employes of France, even those of higher grades and with responsible duties. The compensation of railway employes is from two to three times as high in the United States as in Italy.

A recent report of the English Board of Trade on railway wages shows that the average weekly pay of *enginemen in the United Kingdom in* 1907 was $11.17, and of firemen, $6.67. In the same year enginemen on American railways received an average weekly compensation of $25.80, counting six days to the week, and firemen, $15.24. Recent returns make it clear that in 1912 enginemen and firemen in the United States are compensated at rates of pay for specific runs *that are two, three and four times as* high as the corresponding rates on representative English railways.

The annual compensation of enginemen in the United States as reported by two representative railway companies, now ranges from $1,100 in switching service to over $2,800 in passenger service, and that of firemen from $700 in switching service to *over $1,700 in passenger service.*

The rental of a three or four-room house or flat is almost as high in Berlin, Paris or London as throughout the United States, but in England and on the Continent it generally runs from $30 to $90 a year less. The quantity of food and fuel estimated by the Board of Trade of England, as the standard consumption of a typical *workingman's family costs in the* United States 17.8 per cent more than in France or in Germany; 35.3 per cent. more than in Belgium, and 38 per cent. more than in the United Kingdom.

It is well within the truth to estimate that while the cost of living of a railway employe in the United States is less than 50 per cent higher than that of a corresponding *employe in* the United Kingdom or on the Continent, his average compensation is more than twice as great.

APRIL RAILROAD EARNINGS

Gross Shows Increase of 2.59% and Net Decrease of 11.3%.

Returns for April of 50 representative railroads, with a mileage of approximately 149,000, show an increase in net earnings of 11.3%. This compares with an increase of 5.69 per cent and a decrease of 0.74 per cent, for March. Operating ratio, exclusive of taxes, but including net results of outside operations, was 52.4 per cent against 50.1 per cent in April, 1911.

The rather heavy falling off in net can be laid, for the most part, to two causes—suspension of the anthracite coal mines and repair work. Taking the roads by groups, the coalers, as expected, made by far the worst showing, with a decrease of 15.2 per cent in gross and 50.8 per cent in net, the trunk lines following with an increase of 3.32 per cent in gross and a *decline of 18.7 per cent in net.* The best results were obtained by the Southern roads, gross increasing no less than 11.6 per cent and net 12.03 per cent.

Gross earnings per mile of 50 roads were $1,080, against $1,074 the previous year, while the net per mile was $249, against $284 in April, 1911.

The following table gives the totals *for 50 roads for April:*

		Increase.
Mileage	$ 148 673	$ 3,033
Gross	160,888,956	4,224,785
Expenses and taxes	123,703,059	8,607,073
Net	37,185,797	*4,742,388

*Decrease.

Net results of outside operations are taken up in operating expenses, which also includes taxes.

PIG IRON SYNDICATE

Some Details of Agreemnt Among the German Producers.

A consular report gives the details of the new German pig-iron syndicate among the makers at Essen-Ruhr, which became effective January 1, to remain in force at least until December 31, 1915, and for four years longer, if no notice of dissolution is given before July 1, 1915. The syndicate agreement covers all production not classed at ferro-manganese or ferro-silicon, and represents a capacity of about 8,500,000 tons a year.

Penalties are prescribed for violation of the provisions of the contract. They vary from 10 to 30 per cent. of the invoice value of all iron not sold through the syndicate. For non-delivery, through neglect, there is a penalty of 71.4 cents a ton. It is provided that the syndicate may be dissolved by a three-quarters vote if local competition amounting to 2½ per cent. of the syndicate capacity enters the field, or by majority vote if the competition amounts to 5 per cent. Besides iron makers, some iron dealers have been admitted to the syndicate to bring about closer relations between producer and consumer.

New Tracks at Sand Patch.

The B. & O. railroad has awarded the contract to Fred Schussler for grading the roadbeds for two westbound set-off tracks at Sand Patch. The work will probably take most of the summer, and is a sub-contract for the general improvement being made by the B. & O. railroad in the vicinity of Sand Patch.

If you have coal land for sale advertise it in this paper.

LIST OF COKE OVENS IN

The Lower Connellsville District

With Their Owners, Address and Ovens in Blast Corrected to Saturday, June 22, 1912.

Total Ovens.	In Blast.	Name of Works.	Name of Operators.	P. O. Address.
40	24	Adah	Adah Coke Company	Uniontown
200	200	Alicia	W Harry Brown	South Brownsville
307	107	Allison No. 1	W. J. Rainey	New York
40	40	Amos	The Wilkey & Feather Coke Co	Uniontown
199	76	Atcheson	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	Gans
20	.....	Baxter Ridge	Baxter Ridge Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
199	199	Bridgeport	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
420	420	Brier Hill	Brier Hill Coke Co	Brier Hill
20	20	Browning	Browning Coke Co	Uniontown
50	50	Brownsville	Brownsville Coke Co	Uniontown
426	400	Buffington	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
34	24	Burchinal	Smithfield Coal & Coke Co	Smithfield
205	205	Century	Century Coke Co	Brownsville
40	40	Champion	Champion Connellsville Coke Co	Uniontown
24	.....	Coffman	South Fayette Coke Co	Uniontown
500	300	Colonial No. 1	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
156	156	Colonial No. 3	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
200	200	Colonial No. 4	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
142	130	Cyrilla	Sunshine Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
120	120	Crystal	United Connellsville Coke Co	Pittsburg
250	200	Dearth	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
162	162	Donald No. 1	Consolidated Connellsville Coke Co	Uniontown
240	240	Donald No. 2	Consolidated Connellsville Coke Co	Uniontown
160	160	Donald No. 3	Consolidated C'ville Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
40	40	Dunn	The Butler Coal & Coke Co	Pittsburg
500	440	Edenborn	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
149	149	Edna	Waltersburg Coke Co	Uniontown
132	80	Eleanor	Sunshine Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
32	32	Emory	South Fayette Coke Co	Uniontown
200	161	Fairbank	Struthers Coal & Coke Co	Fairbank
32	32	Finley	Jas. Byrne & Co	Uniontown
400	340	Footedale	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Scottdale
220	220	Francis No. 1	Sunshine Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
50	50	Francis No. 2	Sunshine Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
80	80	Fretts	South Fayette Coke Co	Uniontown
119	106	Garwood	Aetna-Connellsville Coke Co	Connellsville
58	58	Genuine	Genuine Connellsville Coke Co	Uniontown
400	300	Griffith Nos. 1 & 2	Hosmer Coke Co	Pittsburg
210	210	Herbert	Connellsville Central Coke Co	Pittsburg
52	.....	Hilltop	Sunshine Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
74	74	Hoover	James H. Hoover	McClellandtown
88	38	Hope	Hope Coke Co	Uniontown
100	100	Hustead	Hustead-Semans Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
100	100	Isabella	Isabella-Connellsville Coke Co	Pittsburg
140	140	Katherine	Union Connellsville Coke Co	Uniontown
200	102	LaBelle	Labelle Coke Co	Labelle
220	220	Lafayette	Allen Coke Co	Helen
462	380	Lambert	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
616	356	Leckrone	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
30	30	Leon	Franklin Coke Co	Uniontown
400	400	Lincoln	Lincoln Coal & Coke Co	Scottdale
220	250	Low Phos	Connellsville Central Coke Co	Pittsburg
45	40	Madison	United Connellsville Coke Co	Pittsburg
54	54	Marion	Southern Connellsville Coke Co	Uniontown
244	244	Martin	Republic Iron & Steel Co	Youngstown, O
322	.....	McKeefrey	McKeefrey Coal Co	Leetonia, Ohio
257	100	Millsboro	Bessemer Coke Co	Pittsburg
160	160	Mt. Hope	Mt. Hope Coke Co	Uniontown
60	60	Murphy	Echard Coal & Coke Co	Connellsville
30	.....	Newcomer	Newcomer Coke Co	Uniontown
60	60	Old Horse	W. J. Parshall	Uniontown
400	440	Orient	Orient Coke Co	Uniontown
34	34	Parshall No. 1	Puritan Coke Co	Uniontown
168	168	Parshall No. 2	Puritan Coke Co	Uniontown
30	30	Perry	Perry Coke Co	Pittsburg
72	72	Plumer	Plumer Coke Co	Uniontown
400	400	Republic	Republic Iron & Steel Co	Unontown
120	75	Rich Hill	Rich Hill Coal & Coke Co	Outcrop
350	350	Ronco	H. C. Frick Coke Co	Pittsburg
373	246	Royal	W. J. Rainey	New York, N. Y.
30	30	Sackett	H. Rk Sackett Coal & Coke Co	Smithfield
378	378	Searight	Taylor Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
260	260	Shamrock	Fayette Coke Co	Uniontown
100	100	Solen	Prospect Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
290	220	Sterling	Consolidated C'ville Coal & Coke Co	Uniontown
400	400	Thompson No. 1	Thompson-Connellsville Coke Co	Pittsburg
400	366	Thompson No. 2	Thompson-Connellsville Coke Co	Pittsburg
297	297	Tower Hill No. 1	Tower Hill Connellsville Coke Co	Uniontown
334	334	Tower Hill No. 2	Tower Hill Connellsville Coke Co	Uniontown
300	300	Washington No. 1	Washington Coal & Coke Co	Dawson
300	300	Washington No. 2	Washington Coal & Coke Co	Dawson
76	66	Wineland	Banning-Connellsville Coke Co	Uniontown
38	38	Yukon	Whyel Coke Co	Uniontown

QUALITY COUNTS.

Buying Fire Brick that has been cheapened to get the selling price down is like borrowing money at usurious interest. Constant trouble and costly repairs are the inevitable results. The QUALITY of EUREKA brand Fire Brick never changes no matter what the selling price may be.

The Eureka Fire Brick Works,
MT. BRADDOCK, PA. Bell Phone 49, Dumbar, Pa.
Both B. & O. and P. R. R. Connections.

NEILL SUBMITS REPORTS ON STRIKE INVESTIGATION

Charges Westmoreland County Operators Guilty of Peonage Methods.

WASHINGTON, D. C. June 24.—In a full report of his investigations *into the Westmoreland County coal* strike submitted to the House Saturday by Commissioner of Labor Chas. P. Neill, in response to Congressman Gregg's resolution, it was shown that methods suspiciously close to peonage prevailed and that the operators were successful in their resistence to the demands of the workers for shorter hours and better pay.

Commenting on the stand of the operators, Mr. Neill says:

"For 20 years before the strike the operators in Westmoreland county were able to operate their mines without dealing with a union and to fix prices and labor conditions without entering joint conferences and without signing union scales. They mean to operate their mines the same way hereafter.

"Numerous charges have been made that at some of the mines a condition amounting to peonage was in effect at some time during the strike. This charge constantly occurs in the case of nearly every strike of the magnitude and bitterness of the one in question here. It is practically impossible at the expiration of a strike of this kind to get convincing proof in regard to this charge."

STEEL MILLS FOUR TO EIGHT WEEKS BEHIND ON SHIPMENTS

Small Eastern Concerns as Well as Pittsburg Plants So Filled Up That Deliveries Delayed.

Small eastern mills which several months ago could be relied upon for shipments ten days after orders were placed are now three weeks behind, and those in Pittsburg which have been from three to four weeks behind will not promise shipment in less than five to six, and in some cases seven, weeks. This shows the filled up condition of mills. Sheet prices are exceptionally firm. The corporation's prices on black and galvanized sheets are $2 for the former and three for the latter, although some mills are making $1.90 for black and $2.95 for galvanized. Steel men say, however, that the corporation's price will be a minimum on July 1.

Equipment concerns are placing orders for plates and shapes in considerable volume, for delivery in four to twelve weeks.

There has been a heavy volume of rails ordered in the past week or ten days which has not been made public, and it is predicted that a renewal of rail ordering will be witnessed after the convention's close.

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RAILS

40, 56, 60, 70, 75, 80, 85 and 90 lb.

Relaying Rails

8, 12, 16, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40 and 45 lb.

New Steel Rails

These rails are in stock at our Pitsburg yards, and can be shipped immediately; also second hand rails in stock cut any length needed for building and contract work.

Frogs and Switches

RICHARDSON & CO.,
(Incorporated.)
1211 FULTON BUILDING,
PITTSBURG, PA.
RAIL DEALERS

$ Foundations $ for Fortunes

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An ad. will sell it for you.

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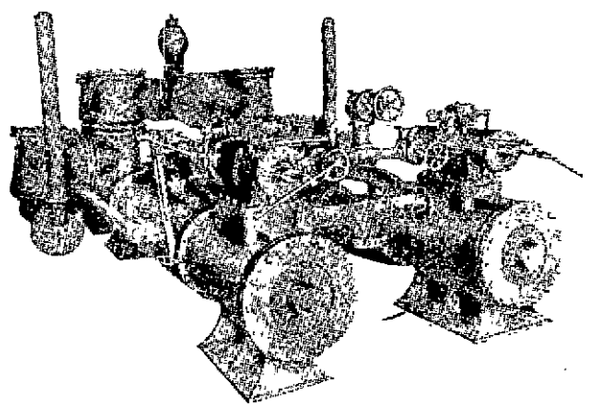

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SUBSCRIPTION
WEEKLY $1.00 per year 5c per copy

ADVERTISING
DISPLAY rates on application
CLASSIFIED—One cent per word
READING NOTICES—Seven cents per line
LEGAL—Ten cents per line for first insertion and five cents per line for each additional insertion

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 27, 12.

BRYAN & ROOSEVELT?

At Baltimore harmony is just as conspicuous by its absence as it was at Chicago and it is quite possible when the Democratic National Convention has completed its work that the Democratic situation will not be unlike that of the Republicans

William Jennings Bryan the Theodore Roosevelt of his party Progressive and uncompromising, is on the ground breathing defiance and threatening to bolt if Judge Alton B Parker is chosen as Temporary Chairman of the convention The National Committee by the decisive vote of 31 to 22 has ratified Parker's choice by a sub committee but the Peerless One proposes to carry the fight to the floor of the convention before balting Whether he will bolt then or later remains to be seen, but that he will bolt if things are not entirely to his liking is quite probable and we violate no confidence when we say that things will not be to his liking if he is not the nominee

He denounces the Belmont-Ryan-Murphy crowd as representatives of the Predatory Interests and charges that they are affiliated with the same crowd that nominated Taft They were enemies in the ancient Free Silver War and the Crime of 1896 has not been forgotten in the Platte river country The fact that Bryan proved to be a False Prophet has not softened his animosity toward those who had the temerity to doubt the wisdom of his new Democratic dispensation when it was delivered at Chicago sixteen years ago

In meantime, while Bryan is threatening to bolt, Roosevelt has bolted To make his bolt more emphatic Roosevelt announces that after due deliberation and consultation with his supporters he has to the great disappointment of many of them decided to organize a new party He will have none of independent Republican movements His party will be a Progressive party and he confesses that he has already undertaken the work of recruiting a portion of its membership from the ranks of the Democrats

It might at this particular moment be interesting to the members of the Democratic National Convention to know whether one William Jennings Bryan is on Evangelis Roosevelt's Democratic sinner list

It will be remembered that William Jennings Bryan was the original Progressive and that he accused President Roosevelt of stealing his ideas just as the would-be Third Termer accused his opponents of stealing his delegates. If Bryan bolts the Baltimore convention will he join Roosevelt in forming the Progressive party and if so who will lead it? Will the firm be Bryan & Roosevelt or Roosevelt & Bryan or will there be two separate establishments?

With the passing days the possibilities of the Presidential campaign of 1912 are enlarging in scope and multiplying in human interest

AN UNNECESSARY DEBATE

The Republican National Convention spent a whole day wrangling over a motion submitted by one Governor and amended by another gravely proposing to overturn the approved rules of procedure to meet the demands of one political faction and smooth his way to victory The convention very properly declined.

It is difficult for men of average minds to understand why such revolutionary suggestions come from men of such reputed ability unless they presume that the people are easily fooled The proposition of the Roosevelt faction was to vote upon the right of 78 Taft delegates to their seats those delegates to have no voice in the determination of their rights this vote to be taken before any other business was done The effect would have been to unseat the Taft delegates and give their places to the Roosevelt claimants without the formality of investigation and in spite of the fact that the Republican National Committee had heard the evidence and passed judgment upon it

The Roosevelt faction say the seats were stolen from them and the Taft faction say that the Roosevelt contests were attempts to steal from them The presumption is in favor of the latter The figures prove it The contests were 254 Taft seats contested and out of these the Republican National Committee gave the Roosevelt contestants 19 The Roosevelt leaders claim 78 more making 97 This leaves 157 seats self confessedly contested without any good ground The Roosevelt members of the National Committee to a man refused to countenance them and the decision of the committee seating the Taft delegates in these 157 cases was unanimous In the cases of the 78 Roosevelt contestants there may have been honest differences of opinion but the action of the Roosevelt people in wantonly and promiscuously setting up fake contests in the hope of being able to get them sustained clouds their whole title to political virtue and makes thoughtful people pause and consider carefully the reckless Roosevelt charges of theft.

There must be lodged somewhere a power to make up the temporary roll of the convention and that power is properly lodged in the National Committee Were it otherwise National Conventions would often open in tumoil and confusion But it is charged that the National Committee was prejudiced in favor of the Taft cause and it was proposed that the Roosevelt majority of uncontested delegates should pass upon the right of 78 Taft delegates to their seats The same objection with even greater force existed to this proposition Furthermore the establishment of such a precedent would have been mischievous In future conventions we would behold the spectacle of contest upon contest to eliminate the moving power of majorities of uncontested delegates until everybody's seat would be contested and the convention would be forced to go back to the original procedure that is to say to the National Committee

Besides the question of title to delegates seats reverts eventually to the convention and is passed upon by that body before any of its important work is concluded It is not necessary for the Roosevelt people to bolt the convention or the meeting of the Credentials Committee to get justice if their cause be just They still have the open convention where a fair report of the Credentials Committee may be debated amended altered accepted or rejected It begins to look as if Commander Roosevelt and Field Marshal Flinn are very much averse to taking their own medicine When the Roosevelt wave passed over Penrose and his faction at Harrisburg a few weeks ago Chairman Flinn shouted from the stage where he was wielding the baton Come up and take your medicine! and they all took it like men and Republicans Good winners should be good losers

No man no matter if he has rode broncbos and hunted lions is bigger than his own party and the rules and customs of years should not be changed at his nod to further his ambitions

THE ISSUE WITH THE PEOPLE

Whatever may be said of the attitude of the Taft men in the Chicago Convention it must be confessed that amid the delirium of Rooseveltian politics they stood calmly upon their dignity and maintained their rights with a patience and a moderation seldom seen in such a large and tumultuous gathering Every consideration was given to the claims of the Roosevelt people and the contests were carefully and even laboriously examined into and decided with every semblance of fairness The effect of the Roosevelt revolt remains to be seen While a majority of his delegates followed him into a rump convention and nominated him as the candidate of a new party they looked on them in the work and it is probable that when they get home and hear from their constituents their order will grow colder

Most good Republicans object to sacrificing both the party and the country to promote the blind ambition of a candidate whose greed of power makes it plain that he would not be content with a Third Term but would insist upon holding power indefinitely and then dictating his successor just as he did four years ago That successor was not sufficiently subservient to his will hence his effort to defeat him for the renomination which it is customary to accord our Presidents who have proven worthy of public confidence

We agree with the Pittsburg Gazette Times in the view that the completed work of the Republican National Convention will commend itself to sober thinking people By reason of the sanity of the convention's conclusions the party of achievement remains the same as from its foundation the party of orderly progress holding fast to that which is good moving forward seemingly and not blindly choosing its steps with care that at each advance its feet may be planted on solid ground Under wise leadership which can point with satisfaction to things accomplished in the interest of the whole people during four years the party will make its appeal to the voters serenely confident that scrutiny of the record will approve it as a party fit to govern

POLITICAL PEONAGE

The report of the Commissioner of Labor on the Westmoreland mine strike which the Honorable Curtis Hussey Gregg desires to use to advance his candidacy for another term in Congress has at last been brought forth into the white light of publicity The particular paragraph relied upon to prove the iniquity of the operators is as follows

Numerous charges have been made that at some of the mine a condition amounting to peonage was in effect at some time during the strike This charge constantly occurs in the case of nearly every strike of the magnitude and bitterness of the one in question here It is practically impossible at the expiration of a strike of this kind to get convincing proof in regard to this charge

The charge of peonage it will be noted is not supported by any facts It seems to come from the strike promoters and is consequently not entitled to much credibility It is probable that such semblance of peonage as did exist was that which made it necessary for the operators to employ armed deputies to protect those who were willing to work against the violence of those who were unwilling to work themselves or permit others to do so We know that this condition did exist I was a matter of common knowledge But we have no evidence whatever that any man working during this strike was compelled to do so against his will

The writer of the report himself makes light of the peonage charge He says such charges constantly occur in strikes of magnitude and bitterness but that it is impossible to get convincing proof of their truth

Perhaps the fertile imagination of the Honorable Curtis Hussey Gregg will furnish the proof that the oppressions of the striking miners by the Republican operators assisted by a deputy dealing Republican Sheriff can only be avenged appeased and absolved by the election of a Democratic Congressman

ARROGANT AMBITION

It is stated in the press dispatches that Colonel Roosevelt instructed his delegates to refrain from voting for him but if they felt that they should vote he notified them that he would hold them to their instructions to vote for him his only object being to prevent some other Progressive from being nominated

It is known that he gave Governor Hadley a private rolleting because the latter was given an ovation in the convention and was kindly looked upon when dark horses were in favor Roosevelt gave him to understand that there were to be no other candidates before him

Colonel Roosevelt made a good record as President It is a great pity that he has so badly marred it by his arrogant ambition to break down the Unwritten Law against a Third Term and to assume in this Republic all the outward semblance of a Dictator

THE ANTHRACITE INQUIRY

The Interstate Commerce Commission is in at least one respect unlike a court A court seldom or never takes cognizance of matters not brought before it by complaint The Interstate Commerce Commission announces that it will on its own motion investigate the rates and practices of the anthracite coal carrying railroads with a view to remedying any evils which may appear therein The commission desires particularly to know whether the railroads are operating the mines and if so to what extent and in what manner

This inquiry is prompted by the fact that the recent increase in wages in the anthracite coal region was promptly followed by an increase in the price of anthracite coal This increase fell chiefly upon the domestic consumer and caused a multitude to protest The operators perhaps discriminated against the domestic consumer not out of wantonness but out of necessity Any further advance in the prices to manufacturing interests and other large consumers would drive them to the use of bituminous coal and their trade would be lost to the anthracite operators

As a general proposition any increase in the wages of labor employed in industrial enterprises where labor is the principal item of the cost of production must necessarily be followed by an advance in the price of the product The protest against the anthracite advance is based on the allegation that the profits of the previous year were great enough to cover the increase in wages and add a surplus of $1,000,000 to the funds of the anthracite mining companies Even if this be so it must be remembered that the wage agreement is for three years and in arriving at a reasonable price under it the future as well as the past must be considered

There is undeniably a close relationship between the anthracite mining and transportation business and in indisputable unanimity of action among the operators in regard to prices There is only one way to insure this unanimity

The Connellsville coke operators are about the only manufacturers who voluntarily raise wages and voluntarily reduce the prices of their product When the Interstate Commerce Commission gets through investigating the anthracite operators for charging too much it ought to indict the Connellsville operators for not asking enough

UNDERGROUND WIRES

The proposition of the Bell telephone interests to put a portion of its wires under ground recalls the fact that a private company proposed some years ago to install a conduit system in all the principal streets of Connellsville if the borough would give it an exclusive franchise for that purpose and compel the telephone and telegraph and light companies to enter the conduit and pay a reasonable charge for so doing

It is very desirable to have the wires under ground and the desire is not limited to the citizens It extends to the companies and people is very forcibly to them The cost of keeping up poles and wires that are subject to storms and decay incident to constant exposure is far greater than the cost of maintenance where the wires are properly installed in a modern conduit system while the housing of all wires in one system would minimize the cost of each

The Council should on no account give any company having wires strung through the borough the right to put them under ground unless such company makes provision for all other wires in the same conduit The fact ought to be recognized that all wires must at an early day come down and preparation should be made for installing them in one conduit

The most desirable manner of handling the conduit proposition is for the city to install it and charge the companies a reasonable rental If the city is unable to do this give a franchise to a private company with the right to the city to take over the system at a specified price within a given time

THE GARY DINNERS

Since the formation of the United States Steel Corporation the trend of steel prices has been downward notwithstanding the fact that the costs of production have steadily increased due chiefly to advances in the wages of labor

Yet the Democrats have attempted to make political capital out of the famous Gary dinners and even the Government has looked upon them with the stern eye of suspicion These dinners were in the purpose of assuring the steel manufacturers that the Steel Trust as it has been called had no desire to crush competition but only to regulate prices within reason that is to say at a point whereby the producer realized a reasonable profit never too high or too low The existence of any such combination is denied but had one existed on these lines it could hardly have been called a combination in restraint of trade It would rather have been one in encouragement of trade Business is best when prices are reasonable and just and worst when prices are either extravagantly high or ruinously low

The conditions that govern the coke trade are similar to those which govern the steel trade The Connellsville operators do not give very many dinners Perhaps it would be better if they did

The dispute between the ice company and its drivers was very properly characterized by coolness Among former heated atmospheres are undesirable they are reserved for customers

New Haven lost nothing by consolidating with Connellsville but South Connellsville will find in time that it lost a great deal by refusing to come in out of the wet

The State Constabulary have done excellent work but they seem to be degenerating It took seven of them to eject a Connellsville landlord and then they failed

Finishing a railroad is like finishing a house It takes almost much time to finish as to build

The old Vance homestead in Tyrone township is historic enough to be preserved

Short Change is often succeeded by a Long Term

In these busy summer days of buzzing benzine buggies it is dangerous to cross a Connellsville thoroughfare save at a street corner and it is not safe there

The Democratic situation is getting interesting too

Bad language dont make a good case

Many of those who talk glibly about Special Privilege do not know what it means Some people are for anything new and strange in the hope of attracting public attention by wearing it

Governor Hiram Johnson should run second on the Spite Ticket When he was engineering a Republican revolt on the Sabbath Day set apart for better things he excused himself by saying I know it is Sunday but this is a Holy Work Which moves the New York Sun to say Holy work Vain are the strong mouth the strong arm the word of malinite and dynamite the sulphurous and tormenting flames of speech without this sweet oil and odor of sanctity

The value of Connellsville realty is still climbing

Uniontown capital is being invested in Connellsville indicating that the business men of the county capital have a better appreciation of our commercial possibilities than some of the editors pretend to have

Swat the fly and bit the bolter

Colorado is the Pennsylvania of the West

Cumberland is the Hymenean Term and of many loves of Connellsville couples but it can ever be voluntary Home Termin I for Connellsville citizens

If Roosevelt has a Steam Roller too Ask Governor Hadley

If the Bell telephone company is willing to spend $1,000,000 in putting its wires under the surface it had better add a little more to the sum and establish at least the nucleus of a modern conduit system

Industrial concerns should not pay dividends until they are earned

The Steam Roller is sometimes made of steel says the Indianapolis Progressive Monosyllabic Notes Perhaps but it may even the interior of it not squeal about it On of the peculiarities of the Progressive of fresh or season It is that he won't take his medicine Even Doc or Bill Flinn he doped it out freely at Harrisburg kicked and pawed and finally bolted the Taft tonic prescribed at Chicago

Patent coke ovens are growing in numbers and variety but some of them belong more theory than practise

Bill Flinn and Dick Quay were two of the most artistic and finished contortionists in parliament rules in the Republican National Convention

Evelyn Thaw is drawing $50 per month as the grass widow of Harry Thaw and now she swears that she is in danger of her life if he gets loose Little Eve evidently has a fur ball coming

The sudden death of Robert S. Murphy at Mexico City took the Irishmen of Pennsylvania and Mexico by surprise Murphy was a man of infinite tact and much money generosity and knowledge of the Mexicans and gained the sobriquet of the Dutch Ambassador of Mexico

The Greensburg Record man is quite training in nine rescue work after he has been a contestant for the Brooklyn Eagle and Record Man Fitzsimmons will be matched to fight Jack Dempsey in Mexico and Mr Fitzsimmons will be more than ever interested in the Mexican Revolution

The steel mills have plenty of orders for the present year but depends very much upon the people how the orders will be next year

The modern Crimes Institute is something more than an exchange of police experiences The State provides experts who deliver lectures filled with valuable hints The Pittsburg Institute has advanced from a district school to a High School of agriculture

Sammy Compers has been sentenced to jail again and his sentence is given bail Compers has got on several jail sentences but he has never yet made the jail He always appeals Appealing is Sammy's specialty When he is not appealing to the courts he is appealing to the people

Roosevelt is fond of comparing himself with Lincoln but Abe Lincoln was never a Bolter

In spite of the prolonged and painful anxiety of our contemporary sometimes Democratic contemporary The News a special train was not necessary to carry the Tough egg Democracy to Baltimore They managed to get there without overloading the regular trains Not even a broken truck or bent axles are reported up to this writing

Boss Flinn was rollered right flat but he ought not to bawl about it He handled the roller remorselessly at Harrisburg few months ago It's a poor boss roller who can take a roll himself

Nick Longworth remained neutral but his wife didn't

Under the leadership of Boss Flinn the Penny and Roosevelt delegation took on Pittsburg ward meeting manners

This is positively Dick Quay's last appearance in politics

Let us have Peace cried Flinn but he wasn't any more sincere than he was when he said Let us have Reform What he means when he says these things is Let us have Flinn

The California Progressives insisted upon the unit rule at Chicago regardless of the fact that it was Democratic doctrine

The Cheat river camp of the Young Men's Christian Association will be an ideal active summer outing place for the youngsters Connellsville people do not have to go far from home during the summer to find enjoyable outdoor life Attractions of the Youghiogheny and Cheat rivers would however be materially greater if the public spirited citizens of these valleys had looked more closely after the preservation of the game fish supply

Abe Martin

One good thing about a nickel theatre is that you always know where to find somebuddy

It would help some fellers if opportunity knocks in

Bout ever feller you meet these days is a square ahead o his income

A woman never cares very much about a husband she hasn't afraid to leave behind when she goes out town

A married man has three times as many things to carry on a rainy day

Folks that have ever had charged seem to get all the courtesies

When makes a newspaper man afraid is bein' put to see somethin

I tell you what times is getting fearful A rump roast an' a couple o planned o's make a live dollar look like a dim econcentrado said Mrs Tilford Mobtsdale

It's purt hard t' tell which is least essential in motorin' nowadays the day—a education or a knowledge o lawn tennis

The more polite the landlord the poorer the coffee

You wouldn know so many folks homes was mortgaged if they'd keep their mufflers closed

Like Soon as the fifty seven varieties o Republicans is visitin in Lafayette Indiana

Next to crankin a foreign car is bein best natural exercise

Elpine Bird says he was flimflammed in a hick town the other night

There's lots o folks we'd like if they knowed when to quit talkin

Miss Dawn Tippincoe made the keynote speech at the Ladies Franchise League banquet last night but you couldn't hear it for the celery

Miss Jane Apple who sprained her ankle yesterday has decided to remain in bed as she don't look good on crutches

We all like relatives when we visit 'em

Even the commonest loafer seems be able to raise one

It seems like the more shiftless a farmer is the bigger he puts his name on his mail box

Binky Keers condition remains critical He eats hearty an' plays golf daily but won't work

Everything meet a feller with rubber heel I put my watch in my pants pocket

Principal Planks of The Republican Platform.

The platform adopted by the Republican National Convention follows

The Republican party assembled by its representatives in national convention declares its unchanging faith in government of the people by the people for the people We renew our allegiance to the principles of the Republican party and our devotion to the cause of Republican institutions established by the fathers

It is appropriate that we should now recall with a sense of veneration and gratitude the name of our first great leader who was nominated in this hall and whose lofty principles and supreme devotion to his country are an inspiration to the party he honored—Abraham Lincoln In the present state of public affairs we should be inspired by his broad statesmanship and by his tolerant spirit toward men

The Republican party looks back upon its record with pride and satisfaction and forward to its new responsibilities with hope and confidence Its achievements in government constitute the most luminous page in our history An greater national advance has been made during the years of its ascendancy in public affairs It has been genuinely and invariably a party of progress it has never been either stationary or reactionary It has gone from the fulfillment of one pledge to the fulfillment of another in response to the public need and to the public will

We believe in our self controlled representative democracy which secures government of law not of men and in which order is the prerequisite of progress

The principles of constitutional government which make provision for orderly and effective expression of the popular will for the protection of civil liberty and the rights of man and for the interpretation of the law by an unintimidated and independent judiciary have proved themselves capable of sustaining the structure of a government which for more than a century of development embraces one hundred million of people scattered over a wide and diverse territory furnishes a common purpose, common ideals and common affections to the Constitution of the United States

Under the Constitution and the principles asserted and vitalized by it the United States has grown to be one of the most civilized and civilizing powers of the earth It offers a home and an opportunity to the ambitious and the industrious from other lands Resting upon the broad basis of a people's confidence and a people's support and managed by the people themselves the Government of the United States will meet the problems of the future as satisfactorily as it has solved those of the past

The Republican party is now as always a party of advanced and constructive statesmanship It is prepared to go forward with the solution of those new questions which social economic and political development have brought into the forefront of the nation's interest It will strive not in vain for the nation but in the several States to enact the necessary legislation to safeguard the public health to protect effectively the labor of women and children to protect wage earners engaged in dangerous occupations to enact comprehensive and generous workmen's compensation laws in place of the present wasteful and unjust system of employers liability and in all possible ways to satisfy the just demand of the people for the study and solution of the complex and constantly changing problems of social welfare

In dealing with these questions it is important that the rights of every individual to the fullest possible development of his own powers and resources and to the control of his own justly acquired property so far as these are compatible with the rights of others shall not be interfered with or destroyed The social and political structure of the United States rests upon it. The social and political good for the protection of that liberty people have wisely in the national and State Constitutions put definite limitations upon themselves and upon their governmental officers and agencies To enforce these limitations to secure the orderly and coherent exercise of governmental powers and to protect the rights of even the humblest and least favored individual the function of independent courts is vital

The Republican party reaffirms its intention to uphold at all times the authority and integrity of the courts both State and Federal and it will ever insist that their powers to enforce their process and to protect life liberty and property shall be preserved inviolate An orderly method is provided under our system of government by which the people may when they choose alter or amend the constitutional provisions which underlie their government until these constitutional provisions are so altered or amended in orderly fashion it is the duty of the courts to see to it that when challenged they are enforced

That the courts both Federal and State may bear the heavy burden laid upon them to the complete satisfaction of public opinion we favor legislation to prevent long delays and the vexatious and costly appeals which have so often amounted to a denial of justice in civil cases and to a failure to protect the public at large in criminal cases

Since the responsibility of the judiciary is so great the standards of judicial action must be always and everywhere above suspicion and reproach While we regard the recall of judges as unnecessary and unwise we favor such action as may be necessary to simplify the process by which any Judge who is found to be derelict in his duty may be removed from office

Together with peaceful and orderly development at home the Republican party firmly favors all measures for the establishment and protection of the peace of the world and for the development of closer relations between the various nations of the earth It believes most earnestly in the peaceful settlement of international disputes and in the reference of all justiciable controversies between nations to an international court of justice

The Republican party is opposed to special privilege and to monopoly It placed upon the statute book the interstate commerce act of 1887 and the important amendments thereto and the anti trust act of 1890 and it has consistently and successfully enforced the provisions of these laws It will take no backward step to permit the re establishment in any degree of conditions which were intolerable

Experience makes it plain that the business of the country may be carried on without fear or without disturbance and at the same time without resort to practices which are abhorrent to the common sense of justice The Republican party favors the enactment of legislation supplementary to the existing anti trust act which will define such criminal offenses those specific acts that uniformly mark attempts to restrain and to monopolize trade to the end that those who honestly intend to obey the law may have a guide for their action and that those who aim to violate the law may the more surely be punished Due some certainly should be given to the law prohibiting combinations and monopolies that characterizes other provisions of commercial law in order that no part of the field of business opportunity may be restricted by monopoly or combination that business success honorably achieved may not be converted into crime and that the right of every man to acquire commodities and particularly the necessaries of life in an open market uninfluenced by the manipulation of trust or combination may be preserved

In the enforcement and administration of Federal laws governing interstate commerce and enterprises impressed with a public use engaged therein there is much that may be committed to a Federal trade commission thus placing in the hands of an administrative board many of the functions now necessarily exercised by the courts. This will promote promptness in the administration of the law and avoid delays and technicalities incident to court procedure

We reaffirm our belief in a protective tariff The Republican tariff policy has been of the greatest benefit to the country developing our resources diversifying our industries and protecting our workmen against competition with cheaper labor abroad thus establishing for our wage earners the American standard of living The protective tariff is so woven into the fabric of our industrial and agricultural life that to substitute for it a tariff for revenue only would destroy many industries and throw millions of our people out of employment. The products of the farm and of the mine should receive the same measure of protection as other products of American labor

We hold that the import duties should be high enough, while yielding a sufficient revenue to protect adequately American industries and wages Some of the existing import duties are too high and should be reduced Readjustment should be made from time to time to conform to changing conditions and to reduce excessive rates but without injury to any American industry To accomplish this correct information is indispensable This information can best be obtained by an expert commission as the large volume of useful facts contained in the recent reports of the Tariff Board has demonstrated

The pronounced feature of modern industrial life is its enormous diversification To apply tariff rates justly to these changing conditions requires closer study and more scientific methods than ever before The Republican party has shown by its creation of a tariff board its recognition of this situation and its determination to be equal to it. We condemn the Democratic party for its failure either to provide funds for the continuance of this board or to make some other provision for securing the information requisite for intelligent tariff legislation We protest against the Democratic method of legislating on this vitally important subject without careful investigation

We condemn the Democratic tariff bills passed by the House of Representatives of the 62nd Congress as second as injurious to the public credit and as destructive to business enterprise

The steadily increasing cost of living has become a matter not only of national but of world wide concern The fact that it is not due to the protective tariff system is evidenced by the existence of similar conditions in countries which have a tariff policy different from our own as well as by the fact that the cost of living has increased while rates of duty have remained stationary or been reduced

The Republican party will support a prompt scientific inquiry into the causes which are operative both in the United States and elsewhere to increase the cost of living When the exact facts are known it will take the necessary steps to remove any abuses that may be found to exist in order that the cost of the food clothing and shelter of the people may in no way be unduly or artificially increased

The Republican party has always stood for a sound currency and for safe banking methods It is responsible for the resumption of specie payments and for the establishment of the gold standard It is committed to the progressive development of our banking and currency system

Our banking arrangements today need further revision to meet the requirements of current conditions We need measures which will promote the prosperity of business and the welfare of labor by producing constant employment We need better currency facilities for the movement of crops in the West and South We need banking arrangements under American auspices for the encouragement and better conduct of our foreign trade in attaining these ends the independence of individual banks whether organized under national or State charters must be carefully protected and our banking and currency system must be safeguarded from any possibility of domination by sectional financial or political interests

Have Large Brains

The Chinese have the largest brains in the world.

TAFT ONCE MORE CHOSEN TO LEAD THE REPUBLICANS

Is Nominated at Chicago on First Ballot Saturday Night.

SHERMAN HIS RUNNING MATE

Many Delegates Decline to Cast Their Ballots but Roosevelt Gets 107 Votes—Two Pennsylvanians Vote for Hughes—The Final Vote

William Howard Taft of Ohio and James Schoolcraft Sherman of New York are again chosen to lead the Republican party to victory at the polls next November. The Republican National Convention took but a single ballot at Chicago Saturday evening. The result was as follows: Taft 561, Roosevelt 107, LaFollette 41, Cummins 17, Hughes 2, Not voting 107.

Vice President Sherman had no opposition for renomination and his was the only name presented to the convention. A valedictory statement from Colonel Roosevelt was read prior to the balloting. He asked that his delegates refrain from voting. His name was not presented to the convention but a number of delegates cast their ballots for him anyway.

The platform of the party was adopted with 666 affirmative votes. There were 53 votes against the platform, do of them from the LaFollette States of Wisconsin and North Dakota. The delegates not voting numbered 343.

In the dying hours of the republican convention, Theodore Roosevelt was nominated for President on an independent ticket. His followers met in Orchestra Hall. Roosevelt accepted the nomination with the understanding that he will withdraw if it is deemed expedient by the convention to be held in August to name someone else. Governor Johnson of California presided at the independence convention.

Representatives of 22 States composed the notification committee which informed Colonel Roosevelt of his nomination and in a sense stood as sponsors for the movement.

The committee consisted of Comptroller Prendergast of New York, Meyer Lissner of California, Frank Knox of Michigan, Matthew Hale of Massachusetts, A. R. Garford, Ohio, David Browning, Kentucky, Everard Bierer, Jr., Utah, Walter Thompson, Vermont, Judge Oscar R. Huntley, Alabama, Judge Ben B. Lindsey, Colorado, Andrew Rahn, Minnesota, Judge Stevens, Iowa, Judge Lowder, North Dakota, William Allen White, Kansas, John C. Greenway, Arizona, ex-Gov. John Franklin Fort, New Jersey, Col. E. C. Carrington, Maryland, Pearl Wight, Louisiana, Lorenzo Dow Washington, Walter Clyde Jones, Illinois, Frank Frantz, Oklahoma, former Congressman Richmond Pearson of North Carolina.

Among others present who claim to have felt the crush of the steam roller were William Flinn of Pittsburg, recently resigned from the Republican National Committee, Francis J. Heney of California, A. P. Moore of Pennsylvania, James R. Garfield of Ohio, Senator Dixon of Montana. Mr. Roosevelt's manager in the pre-convention campaign, Robert C. Kovarik of Cleveland, Ohio, Frank Knox of Michigan, secretary of the State committee, Harry Marchard, Henderson of Ohio and E. C. Carrington of Baltimore, leader in the Maryland Roosevelt campaign.

CLASS OF FOURTEEN WILL BE GRADUATED THIS YEAR

Interesting Exercises Will Be Held by Parochial School at Solsson Theatre Friday

A class of fourteen ten girls and four boys will be presented diplomas Friday evening by the Rev. Father J. T. Burns at the close of the Parochial school entertainment to be held in the Solsson theatre. A class of 16 from the Seventh grade and class of 10 from the Eighth grade will be given diplomas for writing.

"Elma the Fairy Child" will be presented by the students. The principal characters are as follows: Elma, Emma Kehet; Moonbeam, Virginia Cunes; Queen of the Fairies, Adrian Solsson; Puck, Lawrence King. An operetta, The Apparition of Our Lady of Lords or the Angel's Serenade, will be presented by the Eighth grade girls. The drills include a French drill, Japanese drill, Little Mothers drill, Fairies and Elf drill. The entertainment promises to be the best ever held by the school. The participants in the affair have been rehearsing for some time past and are well trained.

BREAKS HER ARM

Little Catherine Eason Falls From Pump Platform

Catherine Eason, aged six years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Eason of Dunbar, took a tumble Friday while getting water at the pump. She fell from the platform and broke her right arm.

The injury is painful but the arm was set and now the young lady is resting easily.

Father Greaney Takes Charge

Rev. Father J. J. Greaney of St. Vincent DePaul's church at Leisenring No. 1 has returned to his charge after being absent for several months on account of a serious illness of typhoid fever. He conducted services Sunday for the first time since his illness. After leaving the South Side Private hospital he left for a trip to the Catskill Mountains and a visit with relatives in New York.

Connellsville Teachers Elected.

Fred G. Masters, former Principal of High School here, has again been elected in Pittsburg. He will teach science at the Fifth Avenue High School. Miss Gertrude Myers will teach the seventh grade at School No. 1 of the Fifteenth ward, Pittsburg.

CAPTAIN A. R. KIDD WILL TAKE 60 MEN TO MT. GRETNA

Militia Will Leave Town on Evening of Fourth as Originally Intended

"We are going to take 60 men with us to camp," said Captain A. R. Kidd Wednesday, following the receipt of a letter from Colonel Richard Coulter, Jr., of the Tenth Regiment. The company at present is not quite up to its full strength but it is promised that the company will have its full quota. Another change has been made in the time for starting to Mt. Gretna the camping ground. Company D will leave for that place on the night of the Fourth of July at 8:21 P. M. Final arrangements have been made with the Pennsylvania railroad to that effect. According to schedule the Tenth regiment will arrive in Mount Gretna about daylight the next morning.

Another change has been made from the original plan. This year the Tenth regiment will camp with the United States Regulars and there will be no advance detail. The boys will arrive at Mount Gretna in the morning and will immediately put up their tents. Before it took the advance detail over a day to put the camp in shape. It is now said that the camp will be in shape two hours after the arrival of the troops.

The election for the berth of Major in the Tenth regiment will be held at the Greensburg Country Club on July 29. There are two candidates, Captain Joseph H. Tohmpson of Major Harry W. Fee present incumbent. Both men are attorneys at law, Major Fee at Indiana and Captain Thompson at Beaver Falls. Captain A. R. Kidd and Lieutenants Herwick and Reid will attend the election from here.

MRS. JANE CULLETON IS CALLED BY DEATH WEDNESDAY

Had for 30 Years Resided in Scottdale—Lingering Illness Proves Fatal

Mrs. Jane Culleton, aged 73 years, died Wednesday at her home in Scottdale following a long illness. Mrs. Culleton had resided in Scottdale for the past 30 years and was one of the best known and most highly respected women of the community. She was the widow of the late Edward Joseph Culleton who was a prominent merchant of the Mill Town.

Mrs. Culleton was born in Ireland and was a faithful member of the Roman Catholic church. Requiem high mass will be celebrated Friday morning at 9 o'clock from the church of St. John the Baptist. Interment will be made in the Scottdale cemetery.

Mrs. Culleton is survived by the following children: W. J. Culleton, superintendent of the Phillips plant of the H. C. Frick Coke Company; E. J. Culleton, also of Phillips; Mrs. W. B. McLean of Braddock; Mrs. Harry Van Gorder of Scottdale; Miss Mae Culleton of St. Francis Hospital, Pittsburg; Miss E. Jane Culleton with the Midland Coal & Coke Company, Scottdale, and Miss Margaret Culleton at home. Two sisters also survive, Mrs. George Seibert and Mrs. Edward Marx, both of Pittsburg.

SENATOR PENROSE PASSES THROUGH CONNELLSVILLE

Got Your Delegate His Vote, He Tells Hon. H. M. Kephart at the Station Here

"Well, we got your delegate his vote," smiled Senator Boies Penrose to H. M. Kephart, Chief Clerk of the State Senate, at the Baltimore & Ohio station Tuesday. Mr. Penrose was on board No. 6 traveling from Chicago to Washington where he will resume his Senatorial duties after playing a larger part in the Republican National Convention than Field Marshal Flinn or any of the others who deposed him as a State leader would admit before they went there.

Senator Penrose expressed himself as well pleased with the outcome of the Republican convention. He went to Chicago a strong Taft man and left with the satisfaction of seeing him nominated.

Mr. Kephart happened to be at the station when the train pulled in and had a chat with the Senator during his brief visit.

JOINT ARMY MANEUVERS

President Taft Recommends an Appropriation of $1,350,000

WASHINGTON, June 25.—President Taft yesterday sent a special message to Congress recommending the immediate appropriation of $1,350,000 for use of the Warm Department in the joint maneuvers of the Regular Army and the National Guard next month.

According to the plan announced the State organizations are to participate in the joint maneuvers with the Regular Army. The Pennsylvania, Maryland, New Jersey, Virginia and West Virginia troops will hold their maneuvers at Mount Gretna, Pa., July 7 to August 3. The Ohio Guard will go to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., July 15 to August 1 for their maneuvers.

ROY VANSICKLE DEAD

Henry Clay Township Resident Had Been Ill Long

Roy VanSickle, aged about 27 years, died Sunday night on his farm at Fub Run near Somerfield following a lingering illness of tuberculosis. He was a blacksmith up until the time his health failed him.

Deceased married Miss Amelia Fornwalt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Fornwalt of the West Side and is well known in and around Connellsville. In addition to his widow and three children he is survived by his mother, Mrs. Jennie VanSickle and the following brothers and sisters: Harry and John VanSickle of Somerfield, Mrs. Wadena Stillwagon of Iowa and Mrs. Edward Stanton of Grantsville, Md.

Licensed to Wed

William L. Roose and Miss Leona Newingham both of Scottdale were granted a marriage license in Greensburg yesterday.

BRYAN DECLINES TO STAND SPONSOR FOR THE PLATFORM

Commoner Refuses to Head Resolutions Committee of Democrats.

FAILS TO TAKE TEMPTING BAIT

Friends Believe Committee is Packed and Nebraskan Would Have Been Held Responsible for Platform Which Will Not Meet His Views

BALTIMORE, June 26.—By a vote of 41 to 11 a motion by William J. Bryan to adopt a platform after and not before the candidates were named was adopted by the Resolutions Committee. The new program will have to be ratified by the convention.

An attempt by the conservative forces now in control of the convention to swing Bryan into line by making him chairman of the Resolutions Committee failed today. Not only did Bryan refuse but he made it plain that he feared the committee had been packed against him. Bryan arrived at the committee room unannounced, passing en route a committee composed of Senators Culberson, Raynor and O'Gorman who had been sent to ask him to assume the chairmanship and stand before the country as responsible for the party's declaration.

While waiting for the three Senators to return the proposition was put up to Bryan and he flatly refused. The leaders were plainly disconcerted. Bryan said he refused the honor because he personally intended to plain fight and notward politics.

When the committee assembled Bryan stated that he had not refused the chairmanship in any desire to disturb harmony. Acted rather in the interest of harmony, he declared.

Former Congressman Fitzgerald then suggested that Senator Kern of Indiana be elected. Kern at first was going to refuse also but finally consented to serve and he was unanimously chosen with T. J. Walsh of Colorado as Secretary. The committee immediately went into executive session.

OLLIE JAMES ONLY DEMOCRAT WILLING TO TAKE THE CHAIR

FIFTH REGIMENT ARMORY, Baltimore, June 25.—The Credentials Committee of the Democratic National Convention on meeting this morning elected Joseph Bell of Indiana chairman and Frank J. Donahoe of Massachusetts secretary. Bell is first lieutenant of Tom Taggart. The committee has contests from nine States, eight at large in Illinois, delegates from the 7th and 20th districts in the Ninth, Missouri, two in the Seventh, Texas, the entire Rhode Island, Alaska, District of Columbia, Philippine Islands and two delegates from Hawaii.

Three quarters of an hour was given each side for argument.

When the Committee on Permanent Organization of the Democratic National Convention organized Ollie M. James of Kentucky was the only man proposed for Permanent Chairman of the convention who had not refused to accept the place. James was voted upon by the progressives after Senator Kern of Indiana and Senator Culberson of Texas had said they would not serve.

Ollie M. James of Kentucky was unanimously named for permanent chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization after practically every state had endorsed him. Culberson of Texas, Kern of Indiana and Burke of North Dakota, who were placed in nomination, sent word that they could not serve. Theodore Bell, who was then proposed, personally appeared before the committee and declined.

What assurance have we that James will serve? demanded Representative Anscheul.

He's writing his speech right now," responded Kehoe of Kentucky.

It was 1:... when *Temporary* Chairman Parker called the convention to order. Regular city police had been impressed to aid the 400 competent convention officials and *there was far less disorder than yesterday.* Rt. Rev. John G. Ardinger, Mayor of Baltimore, delivered the invocation. He asked that the party be strengthened to aid the nation *which is now passing through the* most momentous crisis in its history.

Ex-Governor Blanchard of Louisiana, for the Resolutions Committee, *asked that the business session be adjourned* until 8 o'clock tonight.

"I do not expect that you will recess in haste. You want to hear some oration and the orators are here but no business. *I move that when a recess is taken it will be until 8 o'clock tonight.*

The motion was carried and former Governor Joseph W. Folk was introduced *for the first speech.*

Folk declared that Roosevelt now admits that he made a mistake in trying to defeat Bryan. The former Missouri Executive paid a tribute to Bryan as the greatest leader in the history of the United States. Folk made a plea for a progressive Democratic platform. He was somewhat hoarse and his voice did not carry to the galleries. Pulsey rapped for order. "No gentleman," began Parker, "will talk to his neighbor when a distinguished orator is trying to make himself heard."

This silly brought a sarcastic jeer from the Nebraska delegation. Senator Raynor was then introduced. He began by saying there would be three parties in the light this year.

The motto of the Republican party headed by Mr. Taft is: "We shall retract and retrograde." The motto of the party soon to be formed is: "Thou shalt not steal." There is only one motto for the Democratic party and that is: "We shall progress."

With great eloquence Rayner pleaded for progressive candidates and a progressive platform.

BRYAN STEAM ROLLERED AS COLONEL ROOSEVELT WAS.

Colonel William Jennings Bryan felt the steam roller in the same manner as did Colonel Theodore Roosevelt. Both felt their hands in the vote for temporary chairman at Chicago. Colonel Roosevelt declared Senator Elihu Root was a representative of predatory wealth. Colonel Bryan also stated in rather broad and unmistakable terms that Judge Alton B. Parker represented those selfish interests. The Republican delegates decided Elihu Root was good enough for them, and at Baltimore Tuesday the free and unhampered Democratic delegates by a vote of *579 to 510* voted the Sage of Esopus to the chair despite the calumnious tinted word picture painted by the Boy Orator of the Platte.

The only difference between the two is that Colonel Roosevelt did his gutsing in convention by proxy while Colonel Bryan went right up on the platform and told it out direct. Senator John W. Kern decided he didn't want the job of Temporary Chairman despite Colonel Bryan's eulogy and proceeded to nominate the Nebraskan himself. Then someone opened the throttle and the steam roller resumed its work.

The Pennsylvania delegation voted 67 to 9 in favor of Bryan. Colonel James M. Laird and Captain John B. Keehan of Westmoreland county and a few other unreconstructed Democrats remaining faithful to the lieutenant of the Guffey machine which got what was given the Penrose forces in the recent primary.

BURGESS EVANS SAYS FIRE TRUCK GOES TO GARAGE

Will Oppose Removal to West Side Until Men Learn How to Operate It

THE BUILDING IS NOW READY

Borough's Chief Executive Declares the Automobile Shall Not be Taken Across River—Too Far From Town He Further Adds in His Explanation

Burgess J. L. Evans on Wednesday put a temporary end to the plan to equip the West Side police station for a fire house building. Plans had been laid by Chairman Stoner of the Public Safety Committee to furnish the West Side building with a new automobile truck which would be placed there and so that the firemen could live there.

The automobile truck will be located in the Connellsville Garage *not for one week two weeks or a month but until the firemen learn how to run it,* said Burgess Evans this morning.

The floor under the West Side building has been reinforced with concrete and timbers. Light iron timbers have been placed under the floor for each side of the machine. The back door has been repaired and placed in commission. It was intended to have the auto truck after returning from fires turn into the alley by the building and run in by the rear entrance, making it unnecessary to back in. The work of reinforcing the floors was finished this morning.

Council at its last session voted to place the auto truck on the West Side when it comes. Burgess Evans argues that the West Side police station is too far from the center of town. The truck will continue to live in their present quarters he says and the auto truck will remain in the Connellsville Garage.

The Connellsville Garage management has agreed to teach any number of men to run the machine. The machine is expected within a few days.

SOMERSET WEDDINGS

Dan Cupid Busily Plies His Trade Among Frosty Souls

SOMERSET, June 26.—Miss Anna May Keim, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Keim of Pittsburg, and Raymond Reynolds, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Reynolds of Confluence, were married at the parsonage of the Somerset Christian church June 24 by the Rev. J. D. Garrison.

Mrs. Annie S. Imuels, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Mitchell of Scalp Level, and George Edward Snyder, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Snyder of Windber, were married at Scalp Level June 22 by the Rev. N. M. Miller.

Miss Theriza B. Hawke, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Hawke, and Lewis J. Constance, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Constance, both of Confluence, were married June 2 by the Rev. L. F. Class.

Miss Nellie Grace Carmer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Carmer, and Jacob R. St. Clair, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas S. St. Clair, both of Jenner Township, were married at the parsonage of the Somerset Christian church June 24 by the Rev. J. D. Garrison.

Miss Idella Holliday, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Zenas Holliday, and James G. Davis, son of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Davis, both of Elk Lick Township, were married at Shibsburg June 22 by the Rev. F. J. Egan.

Miss Anne M. Smeed, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alton P. Smeed of Hollsopple, and John H. Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Jones of Seanor, were married at the residence of the officiating clergyman, the Rev. L. A. Blough, June 21.

Miss Mary Ruth Penner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Johnston Penner, and William Henry Hanes, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Hanes, both of Hooversville, were married at the home of the bride's parents June 22.

Miss Adaline Yoder, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eli C. Yoder, and Clarence Bendel, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Berger, both of Elk Lick Township, were married at the Summit Mills church June 21 by the Rev. Moses D. Yoder.

BRYAN PROMISES LIVELY FIGHT FOR THE DEMOCRATS

Party May Be Split as Republicans Are if Parker Wins Out.

CHAMP CLARK MAKING DEALS

Indications are That Speaker is Planning With Tammany Hall for Support—Conservatives in Party Wish Issue to be Plain—Will Fight Bryan

BALTIMORE, Md., June 22.—Chief interest in the Democratic here is centered in the fight that is imminent between William J. Bryan and the conservative leaders over the selection of Judge Alton B. Parker as temporary chairman of the convention. That Bryan will oppose Parker's election to the last is declared by his close friends who will direct the progressive forces until the Commoner himself arrives from Chicago.

Bryan is said to be depending for support on the following: Champ Clark and Woodrow Wilson. The Harmon and Underwood delegates are entirely satisfied. Rumors were flying fast today that the Clark people were bickering with the conservatives upon Murphy of New York and Taggart of Indiana and that the deal involves throwing the Clark strength to Parker in return for which the votes of the New York and Indiana delegations, unless instructed delegates would be given Clark on the first ballot.

Bryan men prefer to disregard these rumors and point out that if Clark attempted such a deal he would lose more than he would gain by such a withdrawal from the fight. Bryan men will force the fight against Parker in the full National Committee on Monday. They are charging that Parker's selection is not valid because he received only 9 of the 16 votes in the Committee on Arrangements which made the selection whereas they claim he needed 11 majority.

Bryan men are in minority in the National Committee and therefore it is held that the committee will put Parker. The fight will be taken to the floor of the convention. Bryan himself is expected to make a speech against Parker.

Campaign managers for Clark, Wilson, Harmon, Underwood, Kitchin and Marshall are already on the ground making claims. Some of the managers feel that they have dropped out. None of the managers claims expects his man to be nominated on the first ballot. Clark managers who make the biggest claims say he will have a little over a 200 votes on the first ballot, but that is 200 less than the necessary two thirds required to nominate.

Among the conservative leaders it is now a secret that the matter of picking Judge Parker for temporary chairman is to be used as a means of stopping Bryan's influence in the convention. The conservatives of most of their professed believe that Bryan himself wants a Democratic nomination. They prefer an anti-Bryan man such as mentioned to him and that is why they claim he favors the temporary chairman of the character fight that Bryan is expected to make against him that they will try to shape Bryan's measure and can defeat him even though he should come out openly for the nomination.

Bryan's friends have been in frequent communication with him at Chicago urging him to hurry to Baltimore and take the personal direction of the Progressive forces but it is believed he will not come until the Republican convention has adjourned unless of course it should go over until next week. In that event he is expected to come Sunday or Monday.

Senator Newlands of Nevada, Senator Pomerene of Ohio and other platform builders are on the ground. Newlands will write a plank against the claim of the owners of the United States and providing for the admission in Arizona.

Rumors were in the air today that Bryan's government bonds to the highest bidders by the government, he claims, at the managers for Harmon and Underwood as follows: For Clark, for Wilson 300, for Harmon, for Underwood 90, for Marshall 40, for Kitchin 40.

The Gaynor people do not know positively that Charles W. Murphy, the Tammany leader, will give New Yorkers 90 votes to Gaynor but they continue to claim them.

The movement to break the two thirds rule and to make it possible for the convention to nominate by a majority of the 1094 delegates appears to have been dropped as far as this convention would be affected, though an effort may be made to adopt a majority rule and to have it apply for the first time at the convention in 1916.

The unit rule will be attacked particularly by the 19 Wilson delegates from Ohio who were elected by direct primaries. The Ohio Democratic State Convention by adopting the unit rule bound the 19 Wilson men to vote for Governor Harmon. The contention will be made that the State convention had no legal authority to impose the unit rule when the delegates were elected by direct primaries. Mayor Newton D. Baker of Cleveland will lead the fight of the Ohio Wilson men.

Robert S. Murphy Dead

Former Lieutenant Governor Robert S. Murphy died suddenly at his home near Philadelphia on Monday morning. Mr. Murphy spoke in Connellsville several times during State campaigns and was one of the best known men in the State. He lived the greater portion of his life in Johnstown.

His Eye Operation

Amili Sarko, aged 28, of Banning No. 1, was admitted to the Cottage State Hospital for an eye operation.

SOMERSET GUARDSMEN ARE READY FOR TRIP TO CAMP

Captain Crouse Gets His Final Orders From the Adjutant General of the State

SOMERSET, June 26.—Capt. S. S. Crouse yesterday was notified by Adjutant General Thomas J. Stewart of Harrisburg that inspection of this year's encampment of the Second Brigade, N. G. P., will be held jointly with regular company detachment and various companies of the regiments composing the brigade will not send advance details to camp as had been customary. As a result any white city will await the citizen soldiers as here tofore when they reach camp and each company will be required to pitch their own tents upon their arrival.

This change has been made in order to give the militiamen actual practice as the entire membership of the various companies would be required to pitch in in stretching tents etc. in time of war.

On account of President Taft's veto of the Army appropriations bill passed by Congress last week it is said the National Guardsmen will have to supply their own rations up until the time they reach camp—a matter of two, three or four meals—or go hungry while en route.

Camp will open in the morning of July 6 and the proceeds derived from the Fourth of July celebration planned by Somerset's company if there should happen to be any profit would come in handy in defraying this expense.

ENGINEER'S AND FIREMEN'S WAGE CONFERENCE ON JULY 1

Eastern Roads Committee and the Brotherhood to Discuss the Demand for More Pay

The Conference Committee of Managers of the Eastern Railroads will meet representatives of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers in New York on July 1 in the preliminary conference over the demands of the firemen for increased rates of pay. These demands were presented to the railroads immediately after the agreement to arbitrate was reached between the same railroads and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers on April 30 last.

The demands call for general increases in all classes of service, affecting firemen, engineers and hostlers and it is estimated by representatives of the railroads that the proposed rule would add between $5,000,000 and $30,000,000 to the payrolls of the fifty railroads involved. One of the demands calls for employment of an assistant fireman on all coal burning freight locomotives. This would mean the employment of 14,000 additional men.

The arbitration board of seven engineers to arbitrate the demands of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will commence the hearings, it is thought, about July 1. The demands from this organization involve increases of between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000 annually.

SOUTH CONNELLSVILLE TO HAVE BIG CELEBRATION

There Will be Speeches, Races, Baseball Game—Fakewalk a Feature

All that remains to be done in preparation for the celebration to be held at South Connellsville on the Fourth of July is the selection of the speakers. These will be announced within a few days. The day will be a fine one in the history of South Connellsville. The celebration will be held in the grove at Allegheny avenue. The day will start at 8 o'clock on the Fourth when Rev. H. C. Miller will deliver the invocation. Recitations and music will fill up the morning hours.

There will be many races for which prizes have been offered. There will be fat men's, lean men's and old men's race. There will be a mile and a sack race. A ball game will be played in the afternoon probably between the single and married men of South Connellsville. The crowning feature of the day will be a fakewalk to be held early in the evening. A large cake will be offered as the prize. The fakewalk will be held in the grove with the other events. The fakewalk will be the last event of the day. The South Connellsville children will meet between 8 and 9 o'clock at the school house and march to the grove in a body.

CURFEW SHALL NOT RING TONIGHT, MAUST IS TOLD

Uniontown Officer is Attacked When He Attempts to Send Colored Boy Home at 10 P. M.

Officer Harry Maust of Uniontown was told last night that curfew shall not ring. He was attacked by a crowd of negroes when he attempted to send a colored boy off the streets at 10 P. M.

In the melee which followed Harry Truly, Lunn Grove and Theodore White, all colored, were arrested and fined by Burgess McCrum at the Uniontown police station.

BRING BODY EAST

F. W. Chichester of Westmoreland Grocery Co. Dies in California

The body of Fred W. Chichester, who died in Sierra Madre, Cal., last Friday, will be brought to Greensburg Thursday. Funeral services will be held in Christ Episcopal church Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

Mr. Chichester was president of the Westmoreland Grocery Company of Greensburg and was known in Connellsville.

Names Commissioners

Governor John K. Tener has named the 20 men who will compose Pennsylvania's commission to the Panama Pacific Exposition at San Francisco. Among them are State Senator W. L. Crow of Uniontown, Charles B. Thompson, a Charleroi business man, and Representative C. A. Bentley of Monongahela.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH TO EXPERIENCE A GENUINE REVIVAL

B. S. Levering, Theological Student, Comes to Take Up Work.

MEETS WITH CONGREGATION

Will Remain in Town Until September by Which Time it is Expected Regular Clergyman Will be Called. Interest is Already Being Aroused

The rehabilitation of the Trinity Episcopal congregation is being undertaken and to this end B. S. Levering, a graduate of Marietta college at Marietta, O., and a theological student at the General Theological Seminary, New York, has been sent here for the purpose of interesting the members. Tuesday the vestry of the church met Mr. Levering at the Arlington hotel with the result that he feels confident that this latest attempt to form an active church organization will be successful.

Mr. Levering outlined his plan of action and received assurance of hearty support and cooperation. Every Episcopalian in the community will be visited and on the Sunday school organized and best services held.

The first services will be held next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium at which Mr. Levering will officiate. These services will be continued regularly. Mr. Levering expects to be here until the middle of September. He is young and enthusiastic. Past differences will be forgotten in his zeal in the efforts to build up the church.

On or about July 10 a picnic is to be held for all Episcopalians adults and children in Connellsville, Uniontown, Scottdale, Dunbar and Grace parish in Menallen township will be held.

LEAP FROM MOVING TRAIN FATAL TO SOMERSET MAN

Ogline to Avoid Walking Home, Boarded Passenger Coach and His Injuries Cause Death

SOMERSET, June 25.—Edward S. Ogline, the well known Somerset plumber, died at 8 o'clock yesterday morning from injuries sustained in jumping from the Boswell passenger train near his home on the North Side on Saturday afternoon. He had come home on the southbound S. & C. passenger train from work on an out of town job and in order to avoid walking to his residence boarded the outgoing Boswell train which passes the North street crossing at slow speed on account of switching to the Boswell yard off ramp. His right foot slipped, however, resulting in a broken jaw and other injuries.

He is survived by his widow, Margaret, a daughter of Simon Bauer and three daughters, the Misses Verda, Rosaline and Meta Ogline. He also leaves three brothers, William G., James E. and Alvin Ogline, and one sister, Annie, wife of William Farmer. He was a member of the Somerset Camp, Modern Woodmen. He is a son of John Ogline.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE SENDS SPEAKERS TO THIS PLACE

They Occupy Pulpits in Various Churches at Evening Services on Sunday

Several of the pulpits of the different churches were occupied by the Anti-Saloon League workers Sunday. The visit is a systematic tour of the State. The assignments were as follows: Christian, evening, Rev. C. L. Swift, D. D., Pittsburg; Presbyterian, evening, Rev. C. W. Carroll, State Superintendent of State League; Reformed, evening, Rev. P. H. Swartzle; and Presbyterian, morning, Rev. C. W. Carroll; Methodist Protestant, morning, Rev. George Shaffer, D. D.; United Preshyterian, evening, Rev. Shaffer; South Connellsville, Evangelical, Rev. T. G. Humphries, Superintendent of Pittsburg District League.

CHARLES KEYES LOSES MONEY AND VALUABLE CHECKS

Had Money When He Left Home But It Was Missing When He Returned

After paying off his hands for picking strawberries last week, Charles Keyes, a truck farmer of Dunbar township, came to town on Saturday. On his return he found that he had lost between $40 and $50 in money and several uncashed checks. Mr. Keyes knew he had the money when he left the farm and does not know whether they were dropped on the road or where he his pocketbook was stolen.

The checks were more valuable to Mr. Keyes than the money, he says. Payment has been stopped on all the checks.

DROPS DEAD

Leisenring No. 2 Miner Expires While at Work

Andrew Lazko, aged about 55 years, dropped dead in the mines of the H. C. Frick Coke Company at Leisenring No. 2 Monday morning about 10 o'clock. Heart trouble was the cause of his sudden death. The body was removed to the parlors of Funeral Director J. L. Snider and prepared for burial.

Lazko had been in this country for about eight years. He is survived by his widow and several children in the old country.

Marry in Cumberland.

William Henry Thomas of Meyersdale and Martha Pearl Harden of Hyndman, Pa., were married in Cumberland Saturday.

TOWN PUT ON MAP BY DR. NEWCOMER AT CONVENTION

Militant Alternate About Whom War was Waged Returns Home.

PROUD OF THE PART HE PLAYED

He Goes to Chicago to Represent Former Congressman Cooper and Does it Despite Boss Flinn and the Other Pennsylvania Roosevelt Men

Dr George W Newcomer returned home Monday morning from Chicago where he put Connellsville on the map Dr Newcomer was the center of a bitter battle waged between the Taft and Roosevelt forces during the organization of the committee Dr Newcomer was elected as an alternate to the convention So was Samuel A Kendall of Meyersdale Both were unpledged and elected with the understanding they would support the renomination of President Taft Kendall flopped into the Roosevelt camp and Field Marshal Flinn attempted to have him seated as delegate from this district. His efforts failed, United States Senator Penrose as a member of the National Committee saw that justice was done this district. Proper credentials were made out for Dr Newcomer and he participated in the convention

Kendall never said a word explained Dr Newcomer on his return today The Flinn men tried to vote him but he didn't have the courage to stand up himself and try to vote We had a hot time of it for an hour They had to call the Pennsylvania roll three times before Flinn subsided but my vote tallied just the same

Dr Newcomer said the Sergeant-at Arms was prepared for trouble and stationed a policeman in his neighborhood Things looked pretty warm for a time he said

"I told the policeman I didn't think he would be needed because I was ready to take care of myself Dr Newcomer related "He stayed there though right at the end of the row where I was seated

"They certainly did rub it in on Flinn He tamed down towards the last and hadn't a word to say"

Dr Newcomer expects to get home last night but could not break away

"The business men of Chicago seem well pleased with the outcome of the convention Dr Newcomer declared The irresponsible ones who have no interests at stake are shouting Roosevelt but the sane conservative merchants and business men believe that the renomination of Mr Taft is the wisest move that could be made

On the same train with Dr Newcomer but not in the same seat came W H Showman the original Roosevelt boomer of this section Mr Showman shouted long and loud for the hero of Oyster Bay and is not downcast.

"Wait until the votes are counted next November he said.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES TO BE HELD IN FAYETTE COUNTY

Committee Selects the Places and Names of Those Who Have Charge of Arrangements

The committees appointed a few days ago to select places for holding institutes for the agriculturalists of Fayette county met a few days ago and after carefully considering the matter decided on the following places and committees on arrangements

Fayette City C H Cuppett and Andrew Brown

Laurel Hill John Work Ellis Phillips W H Bryson and J T Smith

Dawson Joseph M Luckey and William Gallagher

The institutes will be held two days in each of the places named and there will be five sessions Six days of free instructions are given by the State to the farmers of Fayette county The instructors sent out by the State as lecturers include successful dairymen poultrymen foresters and bacteriologists and they are well acquainted with their work No date has been set for the meetings They will likely be held about the first of December They are meetings of an instructive nature to the farmers and all farmers in the county are urged to attend as they cannot afford to miss the able talks to be given by the instructors

"TOO BIG TO BE SPANKED" SAYS LAD WHO RUNS AWAY

Superintendent Shaw of Mt Pleasant Seeks Boy Who Is Missing Since Tuesday

I C Shaw representative of the Fayette County Gas Company of 332 Main street Mount Pleasant, will welcome any news telling him of the whereabouts of his son George Dewey Shaw aged 14 years five feet tall with light hair and grey eyes and wearing glasses who has been missing from his home since Tuesday evening The boy was home Tuesday evening about 6 o'clock for dinner Shortly after this he went on the front porch and Mr Shaw states he called the boy to come into the house and the boy who had been behaving badly thought his father was going to chastise him and saying to his sister I am too big to be paddled ran off the porch across the front yard and jumping over the front fence ran down the street toward the West Penn waiting room The lad left without hat or coat wearing a blue barred shirt brown trousers and tan shoes. He had no money Mr Shaw notified Burgess Collins who in turn notified his officers

Will Picnic July 9

The annual picnic of the Fayette County Medical society will be held Tuesday July 9 at Grays Grove about three miles out of Uniontown

DE MUTH FUNERAL ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON

Brief Sketch of Florist Who Was Called by Death Thursday Afternoon

The funeral of the late Peter R DeMuth took place from his home at No 811 South Pittsburg street Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock Rev R C Wolf pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church officiated Interment in Chestnut Hill Cemetery

Mr DeMuth was born September 23 1833 and was a son of Joseph Allen DeMuth who was born in Lancaster county in 1800 and in 1825 he came to Fayette county and settled a mile north of Connellsville Joseph Allen DeMuth married Miss Jane Rist in 1828 and they lived in that neighborhood until their death They were the parents of six children the death of P R DeMuth marking the last of the surviving children

In 1866 Peter R DeMuth married Miss Anna Beidler of Bullskin township and in 1892 they came to Connellsville where Mr DeMuth went into the florist business on the corner of South Pittsburg street and Cedar avenue Two years ago he opened a branch store at the Smith House He was president of the company of P R. DeMuth and Sons and was the leading florist of this section While residing in Connellsville township he served on the township school board for many years He was a member of the Connellsville Methodist Episcopal church all his life and was an active member of the church up until his late illness In addition to his widow and children he is survived by six grand children

REV. WOLF'S FATHER IS DEAD AT WASHINGTON, PA

Aged Man Had for Years Been Court Crier of Washington County Nearly 85 Years Old

Thomas G Wolf father of Rev R C Wolf of Connellsville died Saturday morning at his home on West Chestnut street Washington Pa. following a brief illness He had resided in Washington for 63 years At the time of his death he was serving as court crier He was born on July 4 1827 and had he lived until the coming July he would have been 85 years old He was born in Canton township and was a son of Mr and Mrs Jacob Wolf He was a cabinet maker by trade having served his apprenticeship with his brother Abraham Wolf

Mr Wolf was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Washington and was a regular attendant of the services year in and year out. In addition to Rev Wolf he is survived by the following children Mrs Fred King of Wilmerding Mrs James Boyce of Oakdale O Rev B B Wolf of Homestead Miss Jessie G Wolf at home Dr Sheldon B Wolf and Mark T Wolf both of Washington Funeral services were held this afternoon Rev and Mrs Wolf and daughter Miss Lucille left for Washington Sunday afternoon

FUNERAL IS HELD ON HER FIRST WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Mrs Vivian Shaw Jones Married Just Year Ago Today—Died in Chicago Wednesday

On the first anniversary of her wedding day the funeral of Mrs Vivian Shaw Jones took place Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence of her father Isaac Shaw on Crawford avenue Since the arrival of the body at the Shaw home many friends of the deceased have called at the home to view the remains and extend their sympathy to the bereaved family The floral tributes are unusually large and handsome including a number of beautiful set designs Rev J P Allison pastor of the Christian church and Rev R C Wolf pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church officiated Appropriate music was rendered by the choir of the Christian church assisted by Miss Gertrude Reed of Scottdale and Robert Werner A short time before she died Mrs Jones requested that her favorite hymn "Trust and Obey for There is no Other Way" be sung at her funeral Her wish will be carried out

The pallbearers were William F Brooks Ralph Miller Clarence Cook Ray Griswold Ray Smith and Charles Crowley

PERRYOPOLIS PLANNING FOR CELEBRATION JULY 4

Already Committees are Hard at Work Preparing for the Greatest Time Town Has Ever Had

Perryopolis will be just about the largest spot on the map July 4 Committees there are at work on the biggest Fourth of July celebration the lower Yough region has ever known If anything has been omitted the committee hopes to be reminded of it in time to revise the program Every inducement is being offered to bring people from far and near to participate

There will be something doing all day The parade sham battle baseball games band concerts pony races and moving pictures cover only a small portion of the program

The ladies of the Methodist Episcopal church are preparing to serve lunches so there will be no excuse for any of the visitors going hungry

ROBERT MARIETTA HOME

Trip to White Haven Proves Beneficial to Local Boy

Robert Marietta son of James Marietta of the St James hotel returned home Saturday after spending five months at White Haven He is greatly improved in health and gained close to 15 pounds while away

An attack of pneumonia threatened serious consequences some time ago and the young man was sent to White Haven to recuperate The trip did him much good and he has now entirely recovered from the effects of his illness

Box Car Burns.

A box car was burned at 10 30 Sunday evening on the P & L E railroad near town

BODY OF FRICK PENSIONER WHO SUICIDED BROUGHT HOME

Anthony Keslar Shot Himself in Schenley Park Despondent Over Ill Health

MT PLEASANT June 22—The body of Anthony Keslar who shot himself while seated on the benches near the Carnegie Music Hall in Schenley park Pittsburg on Monday was brought by M A King of the firm of King & Reichman from the morgue where the body was identified on Thursday by the son to the Keslar home at Mammoth yesterday

On May 3 Keslar who had been suffering with stomach trouble went to Pittsburg to take treatment with $409 on his person and for while the family heard regularly from him but lately had lost track but thought he was taking treatment and was all right And now it is believed that his physicians had told him there was no hope for him and he became despondent

After finding the man the Coroner made an effort to locate his friends owing to the fact that he was clean well dressed and had $1 75 on his person when found Keslar was 70 years old and was a Frick pensioner getting $9 a month from this fund After finding that the man were Keslar she gave the chief of police and in correspondence with Keslar's Greensburg friends they remembered who had purchased the shoes The Chief of Police then notified Mr Keslar's son who went to Pittsburg and identified the body The Coroner is interested as to what became of the other $100 the man had and an investigation is being made The Coroner called M A King last evening and after asking a few questions told Mr King that he had located a house where Keslar had boarded or roomed but as yet was not in a position to make a statement

The interment will be held in the Mt Pleasant Cemetery today

Somerset Court Records

SOMERSET June 22—Clerk of Orphans Court Bert J Landis has recently issued marriage license to the following parties

Harry Weaver and Marie Strayer both of Rockwood John Lisefski and Sophie Urban both of Jerome Clarence Beeler and Adaline Yoder both of Hollsopple township Theodor Straub and Bessie Mae Buehlman both of Somerset A Brooks Horner of Mt Pleasant and Nina B Johnson of Jefferson township William Henry Haines and Mary Ruth Lerner both of Hooversville John H Jones of Seanor and Annie M Sneed of Hollsopple Charles C Pullin of Somerset and Elizabeth Ashman of Stoneycreek township James G Davis and Edna Holliday both of Elk Lick township Wilmon Kozel and Maryanna Linkes both of Boswell Lewis J Constance and Sherza L Hawke both of Confluence W F Conrad of Moxham and Mary A Yahner of Windber Harry E Snyder of Somerset and Bessie Rooney of Frostburg Md George Edward Snyder of Windber and Annie Samuels of Scalp Level

Letters of administration have been issued to Michael M Shaulis administrator of the estate of George Shaulis late of Somerset township Bond $200

The will of Frank Chabull late of Somerset township was recently probated He left the sum of $25 to each of his daughters Leona and Mrs Elizabeth Klingensmith His widow Mary Chabull is given the remainder of his estate unless she remarry in such case she to pay testator's son Tony the sum of $400 Should she not marry again Tony is to provide a home for her and at her death become the owner of the estate If Tony fail to support his mother testator gives his widow power to sell his property if necessary for her support The will was dated February 26 1911 and witnessed by Michael Zimmerman and Sadie E Weimer Mary Chabull is appointed executor

The following deeds in Somerset county real estatecounty real estate have been consummated during the past week

Guiseppe Gerace to Guiseppe Vaducchin Windber $1 000 Solomon Boyer to Levina Boyer Jenner township $800 William H Kuntner to Lizie O Houpt Somerset $4 0 Levina Baer to Sylvester P Baer Brothersvalley township $6 000 William Benders heirs to Enoch W Bender Elk Lick township $575 Cora R Baldwin administrator to Edward Baldwin Berlin $1 150 Wilmore Coal Company to A D Hoover Windber $200 James McClintock to Calvin Davis Addison township $2 000 Calvin Davis to Harry Davis Addison township $1 000 Emanuel Bashs heirs to Minnie Miller Conemaugh township $2 000 Aaron Miller to Jeremiah Miller Conemaugh township $6,000 Boswell Improvement Company to Victoria Comelhti Boswell $300 John S Shaffer to Amanda Walker Somerset township $2 600 W F Daniels to William Clark Jenner township $810 William A Weaver to Michael Vofko Paint township $200 Reuben Zimmerman to Orange Stutler Conemaugh township $2 500 James C Lafferty to William Mckee Somerset township $9 Harry Isaacson to Samuel Isaacson Boswell $1 Philip Wolfersberger's heirs to Katherine Lafferty Rockwood $60 Walter G Carter to Simon B Friedline Somerset $1 John M Weltersberger to Katharine Lafferty Rockwood $100 Katherine Roudabush to Jacob H Eash Paint township $30 Anna A Waters to Ida B Nicholson Somerset township $1 00 James R Downs to Harriet Gighegan Paint township $1 Harry W Gighegan to James I Downs Paint township $1 John L Weaver to Ada Blough Conemaugh township $3 00 Charles C Shaffer to Katherine Rodabush Paint township $710 Elizabeth Anderson to Clinton E Bowman Elk Lick township $1 600 Harriet L Manners to John Rhodes Jenner township $800 Margaretta Spinetti to Peter Snyder Rockwood $2,000 Albert B Imhoffs administrator to William Cassel Berlin $1 253

CONDUIT PROJECT MEETS FAVOR WITH THE COUNCILMEN

They are Giving Study to Proposed Plan of the Bell Company.

STEP IN RIGHT DIRECTION

Is the Belief of Most Members Although Ordinance if Passed May be Different from Measure Submitted—Would Make it General

Members of Town Council are giving considerable attention to the proposition of the Bell Telephone Company to place its wires underground The ordinance may be passed but hardly in its present form Members of Council believe if the Bell company is ready to go ahead with the work of putting wires beneath the streets the Tri State and other companies should be required to follow suit

It is probable that the conduit ordinance which passes Council will contain provisions whereby the other companies will be required to proceed in the same direction with getting their wires off the principal business streets and putting them underground

Some of the councilmen argue that all conduit should be constructed this year of sufficient size to take care of all wires that eventually will be placed underground

Councilmen approached the Bell officials for franchise should grant and such conditions that the company would be in the property of the borough in which it could do business more than passing right in the business limitations Italy's that the borough could be recompensed for granting the use of its streets to private corporations but in terms that would not hurt the companies business

The ordinance presented by the Bell company is now in the hands of the Ordinance Committee and Councilmen James B Millard have requested that all members whether on that committee or not familiarize themselves with its provisions in order that intelligent action may be taken

MRS CRAIG DEAD

Heart Failure Fatal to Fair Uniontown Miss's Wife

Mrs Laura Clarke Craig died Wednesday afternoon at her home at Dawson Mrs Craig rose at her usual hour yesterday morning and seemed well Shortly after breakfast she prepared the Sunday dinner and shortly before 9 o'clock was taken suddenly ill The family physician was summoned and despite the best of medical attention death resulted Funeral Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock from the family residence Interment in West Newton

Mrs Craig was daughter of Lyne and Mary E Hagerty Porter deceased and was born and reared near Smithton Her husband is a Pittsburg & Lake Erie brakeman In addition to her husband she is survived by two children

Notice to Teachers and Others

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF JEFFERSON township will meet at Newell on Saturday June 29 at 1 A M for the purpose of electing teachers for the ensuing term Wages $50 to $75 per month length term 8 months All teachers qualified to be present Contracts for coal will be let at the same time L A MACHLAND President Newell Pa W MILLER Secretary Grindstone Pa June 13 20 7

Executors Notice

C W Rush Attorney

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT letters testamentary on the estate of William Sloan late of Lower Tyrone township Fayette county Pa deceased have been granted to Jessie Sloan and John Risdon of Dawson Pa to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claim or demands will make known the same without delay JESSIE SLOAN JOHN RISDON Executors June 13 20 6w

Notice

R W Playford Attorney

Administrators Private Sale of Real Estate

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned administrator of the estate of John Clark Sheppard late of Licking county Ohio deceased on June 3 1912 presented his petition to the Orphans Court of Fayette county Pennsylvania No 1 June Term 1912 praying the said court to decree and approve a private sale to John Duggan Jr for the sum of two hundred twenty five dollars ($225 00) of a certain parcel of land belonging to the estate of the decedent more particularly described as follows

A certain lot or parcel of land situate in the Borough of Connellsville formerly the Borough of New Haven Fayette county Pa being known and designated as lot numbered "three hundred ninety (390) in Ashman & Torrence Addition to said Borough of New Haven and fronting fifty (50) feet on Ashman avenue and extending back along lot number eight three hundred eighty nine (389) one hundred thirty eight and thirty one one hundredths (138 31) feet to a twenty (20) foot alley and thence by said alley fifty and twenty one one hundredths (50 21) feet to lot number eight (8) and thence by said lot No 8 one hundred thirty three and twenty three one hundredths (133 23) feet to said Ashman avenue

Excepting and reserving the coal and mining rights as described in a deed from said Clark Sheppard to the H C Frick Coke Company dated August 8 1903 recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in and for Fayette county in Deed Book 240 page 14

Whereupon the said court on Monday July 8 1912 is the time fixed for authorizing confirming and approving the said sale at which time any creditor of said decedent or any other party interested may appear and make objection to the said sale if they see proper so to do SMITH S RAWFORD Administrator of the Estate of J Clark Sheppard deceased June 13-20 -7 July 4

Bank Statements

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK at Connellsville in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business June 14 1912

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	$1 112 [illegible]
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	1 717 85
U S bonds to secure circulation	[illegible] 00 00
Premiums on U S bonds	1 [illegible] 00 00
Bonds securities etc	28[illegible] 02 81
Banking house furniture and fixtures	200 [illegible]
Other real estate owned	11 578 47
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	10 404 37
Due from State and private banks and bankers trust companies and savings banks	[illegible]
Due from approved reserve agents	7 [illegible]
Checks and other cash items	[illegible] 08
Exchanges for clearing house	1 [illegible]
Notes of other National Banks	[illegible] 00 00
Fractional paper currency nickels and cents	101 11
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank viz	
Specie	11 [illegible]
Legal tender notes	[illegible] 00 00
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer (five per cent of circulation)	[illegible] 00 00
Total	$[illegible] 90 100 00

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$ 7 000 00
Surplus fund	20 000 [illegible]
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid	17 [illegible] 15
National Bank notes outstanding	[illegible] 00
Due to other National Banks	[illegible] 48 8
Dividends unpaid	10 [illegible] 10
Individual deposits subject to check	1 739 [illegible]
Demand certificates of deposit	111 [illegible]
Certified checks	1 00 0
Cashiers checks outstanding	8 [illegible]
	[illegible] 20
Total	$ [illegible] 0 00 10

State of Pennsylvania County of Fayette ss

I F Norton Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

F F NORTON Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of June 1912

JOHN [illegible] Notary Public

Correct—Attest

ROBERT NORRIS
W J McCONNIS
W J STAUFFER
Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK [illegible] not in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business June 14 1912

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	$[illegible]
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	[illegible]
U S bonds to secure circulation	[illegible] 00
Premiums on U S bonds	[illegible] 00
Bonds securities etc	115 [illegible]
Banking house furniture and fixtures	2 [illegible] 0
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	[illegible] 149
Due from approved reserve agents	6 [illegible]
Checks and other cash items	189 11
Notes of other National Banks	1 170 00
Fractional paper currency nickels and cents	649
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank viz	
Specie	[illegible] 00
Legal tender notes	[illegible] 104 894
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer (five per cent of circulation)	00 00
Total	$[illegible] 43 [illegible]

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	[illegible] 00 100
Surplus fund	0 00
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid	[illegible] 11 8 541 116 8 41
National Bank notes outstanding	18 700 [illegible]
Individual deposits subject to check	1 [illegible] 3
Demand certificates of deposit	111 [illegible]
Cashiers checks outstanding	01 [illegible] 46 4
Total	$ [illegible]

State of Pennsylvania County of Fayette ss

I Dan C Long Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

Jas C LONG Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of June 1912

J R BALSLEY Notary Public

Correct—Attest

CHAS B FRANKS
C W GALLAGHER
P J COLMAN
Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MOUGH NATIONAL BANK at Connellsville in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business June 14 1912

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	$ 118 [illegible] 11
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	[illegible] 32
U S Bonds to secure circulation	7 000 00
Premiums on U S Bonds	[illegible] 00
Bonds securities etc	4[illegible]
Banking house furniture and fixtures	[illegible] 3
Other real estate owned	1 0 87
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	8 4 0
Due from State and private banks and bankers trust companies and savings banks	100 00
Due from approved reserve agents	4 [illegible] 55
Checks and other cash items	[illegible] 18
Notes of other National Banks	1 100
Fractional paper currency nickels and cents	84 9
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank viz	
Specie	$4[illegible] 10
Legal tender notes	[illegible] 10
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer (five per cent of circulation)	0 00
Total	$[illegible] 7 [illegible] 18

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$ [illegible] 0 0
Surplus fund	[illegible]
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid	7 4 0 71
National Bank notes outstanding	[illegible] 00 0
Due to other National Banks	[illegible]
Dividends unpaid	1 [illegible] 00
Individual deposits subject to check	[illegible]
Demand certificates of deposit	4 70 0
Certified checks	5 0
Cashiers checks outstanding	1 [illegible] 40
	[illegible]
Total	$ [illegible] 4 [illegible]

State of Pennsylvania County of Fayette ss

I H Walter Adams Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

HOWARD ADAMS Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of June 1912

JOSEPH L LUCAS Notary Public

Correct—Attest

J H PRICE
J L COCHRAN
A M PILLER
Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE UNION NATIONAL BANK at Connellsville in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business June 14 1912

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	$181 660 74
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	[illegible]
U S bonds to secure circulation	0 000 0
Premiums on U S bonds	[illegible] 00
Bonds securities etc	13 8[illegible]
Banking house furniture and fixtures	14 000
Due from approved reserve agent	10 98
Checks and other cash items	[illegible] 171
Notes of other National Banks	2 080
Fractional paper currency nickels and cent	[illegible] 87
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank viz	
Specie	[illegible]
Legal tender notes	[illegible] 00 1449
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer (five per cent of circulation)	[illegible] 0
Total	$[illegible] 57 [illegible]

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$ [illegible] 0
Surplus fund	0
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid	[illegible] 00
National Bank notes outstanding	[illegible] 00
Individual deposits subject to check	[illegible]
Demand certificates of deposit	11 [illegible]
Certified checks	111
Total	$ [illegible] 70 [illegible]

State of Pennsylvania County of Fayette ss

I W A Cogley Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

W A COGLEY Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of June 1912

R L McLAUGHLIN Notary Public

Correct—Attest

CHARLES DETWILER
J S MATTHEWS
R M KELLY
Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF VANDERBILT in Vanderbilt in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business June 14 1912

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	100 15 3
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	14
U S bonds to secure circulation	2 [illegible] 00
Bond securities etc	14 0 0
Banking house furniture and fixtures	10 000 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	10 [illegible] 0
Checks and other cash items	4 46
Notes of other National Banks	0 00
Fractional paper currency nickels and cents	109 7
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank viz	
Specie	[illegible] 098
Legal tender notes	1 140 [illegible] 38 7
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer (five per cent of circulation)	1 [illegible] 000
Total	$ [illegible]

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$ [illegible] 000 0
Surplus fund	7 000 0
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid	[illegible] 7 00
National Bank notes outstanding	[illegible] 00 0
Individual deposits subject to check	[illegible] 0 89 15
Demand certificates of deposit	[illegible]
Certified checks	41 [illegible]
Cashiers checks outstanding	[illegible] 00
	79 1 0 00 14
Total	$1 8 [illegible]

State of Pennsylvania County of Fayette ss

I [illegible] Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

W A COSGROVE Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of June 1912

R L McLAUGHLIN Notary Public

Correct—Attest

CHARLES DETWILER
J S MATTHEWS
R M KELLY
Directors

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK at Connellsville in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business June 14 1912

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	$ [illegible] 04 8
U S Bonds to secure circulation	36 1 000 00
Other real estate owned	7 [illegible] 84 1
Premiums on U S bonds	[illegible] 00 0 0
Banking house furniture and fixtures	8 000 0
Other real estate owned	21 [illegible]
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	[illegible]
Due from State and private banks and bankers trust companies and savings banks	9 1 6 1
Checks and other cash items	10 47
Notes of other National Banks	5 00
Fractional paper currency nickels and cents	[illegible] 7
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank viz	
Specie	[illegible] 1 0 4 1
Legal tender notes	21 161 17
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer (five per cent of circulation)	[illegible] 000 0
Total	$8 [illegible] 7 4

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$1 000 0
Surplus fund	1 [illegible] 000 0
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid	14 [illegible] 7
National Bank notes outstanding	[illegible] 7 00
Individual deposits subject to check	[illegible] 0 89 15
Demand certificates of deposit	[illegible] 0
Certified checks	[illegible] 0
Cashiers checks outstanding	79 1 0 00 14
Total	$1 8 [illegible]

State of Pennsylvania County of Fayette ss

I W A Cogley Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

W A COSGROVE Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of June 1912

R L McLAUGHLIN Notary Public

Correct—Attest

CHARLES DETWILER
J S MATTHEWS
R M KELLY
Director

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF VANDERBILT in Vanderbilt in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business June 14 1912

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	100 15 3
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	14
U S bonds to secure circulation	2 [illegible] 00
Bond securities etc	14 0 0
Banking house furniture and fixtures	10 000 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	10 [illegible] 0
Checks and other cash items	4 46
Notes of other National Banks	0 00
Fractional paper currency nickels and cents	109 7
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank viz	
Specie	[illegible] 098
Legal tender notes	1 140 [illegible] 38 7
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer (five per cent of circulation)	1 [illegible] 000
Total	$ [illegible]

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$ [illegible] 000 0
Surplus fund	7 000 0
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid	[illegible] 7 00
National Bank notes outstanding	[illegible] 00 0
Individual deposits subject to check	[illegible] 0 89 15
Demand certificates of deposit	[illegible]
Certified checks	41 [illegible]
Cashiers checks outstanding	[illegible] 00
	79 1 0 00 14
Total	$1 8 [illegible]

State of Pennsylvania County of Fayette ss

I W A Cogley Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

W A COSGROVE Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this [illegible] day of June 1912

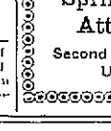
R L McLAUGHLIN Notary Public

Correct—Attest

CHARLES DETWILER
J S MATTHEWS
R M KELLY
Director

Attorneys-at-Law

GEORGE M HOSACK ATTORNEY-at Law Office Suite 1109 Park Building Pittsburg Pa Telephone 1942. 1jan03



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ROOSEVELT RELEASES HIS DELEGATES FROM PLEDGES AND CALLS UPON THEM TO FOLLOW HIM IN FIGHT TO A FINISH

Assembles the Faithful Following Apparent Desertion of Hadley, Who is Talked of by Taft Men as Compromise Candidate—Missouri Governor Declares He Will Keep Up Fight Against Unfair Tactics in the Convention.

CHICAGO June 19—Colonel Roosevelt today decided to take the bit in his teeth and repudiate the present Republican convention without further delay In a carefully prepared statement which he read to his personal advisers and which will be printed today the Colonel announced his willingness to lead an independent fight for the Presidency and the progressive movement and called upon those friends who place principles above party loyalty to join him He promised to make the fight to the finish regardless of consequences and the number of his followers He thanked his friends who have fought with him up to the present time and released them from any other obligation to him

Prior to the issuance of this formal statement to his delegates Roosevelt issued a short signed statement to the newspapermen who besieged his door for an hour The Colonel's declaration was

The time has come when I feel that I must make certain statements not merely to honestly elected members of the Republican National Convention but to the rank and file of the Republican party and to the honest people of the entire Nation I went into this fight for certain principles At the moment I can only serve these principles by continuing to bear the personal responsibilities which their advocacy has brought me"

News reached Roosevelt's friends early today that the opposition was planning to drop Taft as a nominee and to head off the Roosevelt movement by the nomination of Governor Hadley who has been floor leader of the Roosevelt forces It was decided that radical steps must be taken to check this move It was reported that Hadley had been in conference with former Vice President Fairbanks and other leaders and the report was believed A messenger was sent to Governor Hadley who was asked whether he would accept the nomination at the hands of a convention which had not purged its roll The Governor declined to answer and the Roosevelt forces decided to take quick and radical action Hadley later appeared at the Colonel's room and defended his position He argued in favor of a delay until the convention should receive a report from the Credentials Committee and a roll call be taken on this report Governor Johnson of California and Francis I Heney of California protested against any delay They held that the country understood perfectly the moral issue and insisted that it would be unparliamentary tactics It was practically decided among Roosevelt's friends that they would not wait on developments The decision to bolt was the result.

Governor Hadley stated to a conference of Roosevelt leaders called today in the Colonel's room that he had been misrepresented The Missouri executive was asked what would be his course of action if the convention refused to unseat the so called fraudulent delegates He said

I will rise in my place and announce that I will have no part in the convention which does business with a roll tainted with this kind of fraud

Will you leave the hall? I will not say that Hadley replied

Governor Hadley argued against holding the rump convention until the credential committee report had been acted upon He contended that the position of those fighting the tainted roll would be stronger if the opportunity was given the convention to remove the questionable delegates Roosevelt's friends stated that overtures had been made by the opposition seeking to compromise on the basis seating the Roosevelt delegation from California Washington and part of Texas Col Roosevelt cut short considerations of such a proposition asserting there was no room for compromise on matter of principle and the very fact that certain people were disposed to dicker was a sign that the whole thing was a fraudulent proposition

Col Roosevelt decided to meet two representatives from each State sending delegates for him this afternoon to map out a plan of action This conference will likewise consider the proposition of the Taft camp that they return part of the stolen goods

MANY LEADERS LOYAL TO PARTY.

Flinn of Pennsylvania and Johnson of California Still Urge Colonel to Break, but Others Demur and Draw the Line at Bolting.

CHICAGO June 21—Among the Roosevelt followers today there is a sharp difference regarding the action on Roosevelt's vote Many progressives think the fight should have been made inside the party lines The California and Pennsylvania leaders took a different stand Progressivism is the regular Republicanism in those States and Flinn and Johnson quickly announced that their delegations were ready to walk out and go as fast and far as Roosevelt wishes to lead

West Virginia was of the same mind and there were some others but it was early evidenced that many of Roosevelt's instructed and sincere followers willing to stick to the limit under the Republican standard drew the line at bolting

DOINGS OF THE REPUBLICANS AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO June 20—The demand for a third candidate and the elimination of both Taft and Roosevelt from consideration by the Republican National Convention starting early today is growing by leaps and bounds Obligation to the party was declared by hundreds of the delegates to be the paramount issue instead of loyalty to any individual and the delegates were bringing every ounce of pressure to bear to force this issue

They were openly demanding of the Taft and Roosevelt managers that they withdraw their men and let the convention name a candidate on whom all could unite

There were evidences of weakening on both sides that led the experts to believe that within a few hours a compromise candidate would be agreed upon

One of the half dozen most prominent Roosevelt leaders went to a Taft representative who is in a position to speak for the President and asked whether if they could pull the bulk of their forces off the Roosevelt band wagon if the Taft forces would do the same He was told that as the situation now exists this is impossible but this was not final The Roosevelt leader was asked to be prepared to renew it late today It was not contended that this leader spoke for Roosevelt but he did represent a large following of delegates pledged to the Colonel

Congressman Sereno E Payne co author of the tariff bill and one of the Taft leaders in the New York delegation admitted that he had heard the compromise talk

It came to me indirectly but it was emphatic I believe if the bulk of the Roosevelt followers stay in the convention and do not bolt there would be little question the nomination would go to a compromise candidate The talk of Cummins is not well founded It may be Hadley

Some of the men closest to Roosevelt were willing to admit today that the compromise idea appeared to be taking definite form They said that Roosevelt made a mistake when he permitted his men to enter into the formal convention work without having first purged the temporary roll They admitted if a bolt is ordered the Colonel will have but a slight proportion of the solid delegates.

Geo H Scrugaman a Cincinnati promoter who has been attempting to start a Hughes boom without the consent of the Justice was today trying to have each side elect six men each to select three candidates with both Taft and Roosevelt eliminated for the convention to nominate

To permit the Credentials Committee to finish its hearings or contested delegates and formulate a report to the convention the Taft forces decided this morning to have the convention meet at noon and recess until 4 o'clock This was the plan announced today by former Representative James E Watson of Indiana, the Taft parliamentary shark

While the Committee on Credentials threshed out in detail the contested seats which have resulted in the blocking of the wheels the convention held a four-minute perfunctory session today The only business transacted was the prayer Immediately after this a motion for a recess was carried unanimously It was generally expected no report would be made before tonight The contests before the committee by Chairman Devine of the committee will likely be confined to the Ninth Alabama district Texas as a whole Washington Arizona and the Fourth district of California In these cases the widest details were allowed the others being cast aside as without merit

The Roosevelt minority started a squabble over the order in which cases should be considered The majority held out for alphabetical consideration The Roosevelt men demanded a start with Texas Chairman Devine ruled for the alphabetical order and the Ninth Alabama case was called It was noticed that Committeeman Henry of California Harris of Kansas Carrington of Maryland Cowles of North Carolina Morton of Oklahoma Way of South Dakota and Cole of Wisconsin all Roosevelt supporters were not in attendance at the meeting. McCormick of Illinois obtained a proxy on his showing that his voice had failed Massachusetts being deadlocked was unrepresented The minority's first move was made through Halbert of Minnesota for a recess in order that the Roosevelt men might further confer The motion was voted down and in the squabble Halbert was ordered to sit down The Minnesotan kept his feet but finally sat down when the sergeant at arms started to interfere The Ninth Alabama contest was then begun

The Roosevelt men objected to Committeeman Burch of Alabama sitting in the case and Bush finally declared he would not vote Judge Handley of Alabama argued for the Roosevelt forces in behalf of the regularity of the contesting delegation

William Flinn has confirmed the report that he has resigned as Pennsylvania's member of the National Committee

CHICAGO June 20—William Flinn the new boss of Pennsylvania late last evening resigned from the Republican National Committee position to which he had been elected on Monday by the Republican delegation succeeding Boies Penrose Henry G Wasson State Chairman was elected his successor It is generally believed here that Flinn is preparing to bolt taking along with him those other members of the delegation who are willing to follow his lead It is said however that many Roosevelt delegates will not be willing to follow Flinn's lead

A secret meeting of 62 Roosevelt delegates was held last night and what transpired leaked out despite efforts to maintain secrecy David B Johns County Chairman of Allegheny county did not attend the meeting Neither did C Tyson Kratz of Norristown Johns declares he doesn't intend to bolt under any circumstances It is said that Robert S Young Republican nominee for State Treasurer was preparing to follow Flinn's lead

Flinn was handed a stinging rebuke by Chairman Elihu Root prior to adjournment yesterday It came during Senator Hemenway's speech defending the action of the National Committee

Someone had asked Hemenway How about Penrose?

Hemenway replied You ask me about Penrose? Give me Penrose before Flinn every time

The Pennsylvania delegates began cheering Flinn and pandemonium reigned for a time Chairman Root brushed Hemenway aside and shouted at Flinn

If the gentleman from Pennsylvania wants to win the good opinion of this convention and of the American people for his cause he will cease interfering with decent and orderly conduct

Flinn tried to make a point of order but it was brushed aside After that the Pennsylvanian had little to say

Another tilt occurred over the vote of the Pennsylvania delegation yesterday when the vote was taken on Governor Deneen's amendment to the Hadley resolution By a vote of 564 to 510 it was voted to refer the Roosevelt contests to the Credentials Committee, which is controlled by the Taft forces When the vote of Pennsylvania was called Flinn announced 65 votes against the motion The vote was challenged and Chairman Root declared that Dr George W Newmyer of Connellsville is the legal alternate for former Congressman Allen F Cooper of Uniontown and not Samuel A Kendall of Myersdale as claimed by the Flinn forces

Urk of Courts William H Staehlin of Allegheny county created a sensation by rushing upon the stage and shouting out Hadley for President This resulted in a great ovation for the Missouri governor Coleman was escorted from the platform by Sergeant at Arms Stone

William H Coleman of McKeesport introduced a resolution to change the basis for representation in the National Convention It was referred to the Rules Committee of which he is a member The proposition follows

Resolved That hereafter representation in the Republican National Convention shall be as follows

One delegate from each congressional district within the various States of the Union and one additional delegate from each of said congressional districts for every 100 000 Republican votes or majority fraction thereof cast at the last presiding election for Republican electors and one delegate each from the District of Columbia Alaska and on delegate from Porto Rico and the Philippines and that methods for the enforcement of this rule shall be provided by the Republican National Committee chosen by the delegates to this convention provided however that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any state from electing the delegate apportioned here under in conformity with the laws of such state

CHICAGO June 20—As illustrating the completeness of the break between the new Progressive party and the regular Republican organization plans are being worked out today by the Roosevelt managers looking to a big non-partisan Progressive convention in early August at which a nation wide organization can be perfected a platform adopted and a ticket named Unless some action of the regular Republican convention now in session calls for earlier action this plan will be carried out Woodrow Wilson is the man already talked of as the running mate of Roosevelt assuming the Colonel is the candidate of the new party

W J Bryan is also mentioned It is pointed out by George Record of New Jersey that Roosevelt and Wilson are really radicals of equal degree and belong to the same party and that Taft and Harmon are in fact representatives of same interests The time for the new alignment has come and the progressive convention will be the next big step after the present bolt from the old line Republican National convention has been worked out

It is time to shake Penrose Crane and Root said Record They should herd themselves in a party which stands openly for Special Privilege and the perversion of the courts We who stand for human rights and social justice have nothing in common with them and we ought to go with clean Democrats like Ben Lindsey Bryan and others of their kind We have faith the country is ready to respond to this call

The Roosevelt people are encouraged by the choice of A B Parker as temporary chairman at Baltimore and are hoping that the convention there will choose some reactionary like Harmon or Underwood This would result in two progressive party candidates with Roosevelt one of the progressives.

CHICAGO, June 21—A decided difference of opinion developed between the Taft leaders in charge of the convention prior to assembling today. The majority of the Steering Committee wanted the Credentials Committee to make a partial report at 11 o'clock when the Convention met so that it could be taken up and disposed of Chairman Devine of the committee demurred and told the leaders he thought best to wait and let the entire report be presented as a whole that by doing so time would be saved The leaders were insistin however that to keep the delegates marking time would cause renewed dissension They were arguing with Devine to reconsider his views

Congressman George R Malby the New York member of the Credentials Committee joined with Devine in his demand that the leaders drop their plan of asking for a partial report

We have remained to be here five districts of Missouri eight delegates at large and eight districts in Washington seven districts in Louisiana six at-large in Michigan and four at large in Michigan and four at large and eight districts in Virginia all of which are of supreme importance to the Republicans of the nation We cannot limit debate To do so would give the opposition neither opportunity to charge that we favor gag rule I for one would not stand for the committee making any report to this convention until such time as we are in position to clear the entire matter up

Because the credentials committee was not prepared with its report for the National Convention the convention was not called to order until an hour and 26 minutes after the delegates had assembled at 11 o'clock It was 12 26 when Chairman Root called the convention to order and introduced as the Chaplain Rev John Balcom Shaw Root announced as soon as the invocation was ended that the next in order was the report of the committee on credentials and W F Doval of Washington handed up the report of the committee recommending that the Taft delegates and alternates be seated in the ninth Alabama district The report of the major members stated they had fully heard both sides and found that the election of the Taft delegates was regular The report reviewed the evidence in the case and declared that the call for the convention was signed by 23 of the 30 members of the district committee This it was held showed the regularity of the convention which elected the delegates The report in effect charged that the Roosevelt people tried to pack the district convention and adopted that a resolution under which the Roosevelt men acted in naming committeemen to get control was either never passed at a regular committee meeting or if later passed was changed

The minority report was submitted by Delegate Vetter of Wisconsin who said that he had asked for time to prepare a proper minority report but that the time furnished had been inadequate He stated that for the Roosevelt minority he merely prepared a dissenting opinion and reserved the right to submit facts in the case later Root said that while there could not be any speaking for a minority report in expression of the minority views could always be expressed

The Roosevelt delegates started the Boo Root in the middle of the sentence but he merely smashed the gavel and finished his statement You might just as well consider it advisable to wait for the completion of a sentence before jumping at a conclusion he said

A wild outburst of applause came from the Taft men

Governor Hadley of Missouri moved the submission of the minority report for the majority and asked that Mccormick be given unanimous consent to read a brief dealing with the question A disorder arose in the Illinois section but Root failed to recognize him and declared that the McCormick statement could be read

CHICAGO June 21—Root and Hadley is the latest boom launched by those delegates who still cling to the forlorn hope that the Republican party may be saved from a disastrous split It had early will not accept this but Progressive will be named for second place

Much depends upon President Taft Roosevelt is beaten If that there is no question The Sagamore of Oyster Bay San Juan hill and several hundred other engagements has been steam rollered to effectiveness as he himself steam rollered the Allies four years ago If Taft decides to stick he will be nominated

The Roosevelt bolt has been conferred It may be held off until after the Democratic convention The Colonel professes to be waiting for the voice of the people sounding the clarion call to take up the fight The delegates will be asked stay in Republican convention If the 75 alleged fraudulent delegates are seated the Roosevelt men will refrain from active participation in the fight

There are those who hope that President Taft will be content with the defeat of Roosevelt and will retire from the field for the good of the party If the President insists upon being nominated he will be honored This is admitted even by those who hope that another course will be pursued

The reentry of Senator Boies Penrose into politics is certain Indications are that Bill Flinn's meteoric career as boss of the State will be short lived A reconvening of the Republican State Convention is expected at which time Senator Penrose it is stated will attempt to dominate the delegates If possible the radical platform will be toned down and the Presidential electors directed to cast their ballots in the electoral college for the regular nominee of the party Not only that but the nominations of Robert S Young for State Treasurer and Senator A W Powell for Auditor General may be recalled Henry C Wasson if he bolts will be deposed as National Committeeman according to the plan

The Credentials Committee did all the work yesterday The convention twice convened only to adjourn The Credentials Committee ground out decisions for the Taft delegates The Roosevelt men participated in the meeting but at times declined to vote

BIG REALTY DEAL INDICATES TOWN IS MUCH ON MAP

Edward T. Porter Buys the Stratford Apartments From L. F. Ruth.

CONSIDERATION IS $40,000

Second Big Realty Transaction in Past Few Weeks Mr Porter Having Previously Purchased the Arlington Building on Pittsburg Street

That Connellsville is still very much on the map and that realty values are not only stable but on the upward trend is indicated in the sale of the Stratford apartments to Edward T Porter of Uniontown for $40 000 A few weeks ago Mr Porter purchased the Arlington apartments from R A Kramer who had taken it over from Mr Ruth

Mr Porter has confidence in Connellsville as indicated by his two purchases L F Ruth also believes in the town

The man who benefits the town is the man who buys and sells as Mr Ruth The two sales that he has made of South Pittsburg street apartments do not indicate that I have lost confidence in the town My realty holdings here are large and will continue so

Mr Ruth does not believe that the transfer of a few railroad men will hurt the town in any way He says that railroads will always be moving men from one point to another that this is to be expected in any community

That Connellsville has a brilliant future and will prosper is Mr Ruth's firm belief expressed many times before and reiterated on this occasion Mr Porter purchased the properties here as investments and believes them good ones

CLASS OF 74 TAKING PROVISIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Teachers From All Parts of County Attended Sessions at the High School Here

A class of 74 including teachers and students of the West Side Normal Training class took an examination for provisional teachers which is being given by County Superintendent of Schools C G Lewellyn at the Connellsville High School The candidates registered as follows Edwina Stumm Mabelle Herrick Anna Kilgallen South Connellsville Mary W Stone Connellsville Blanch G Strawn Connellsville Anna Cosgrove Frank J V Mannin Connellsville James Edward Vancelliff Carl W Allen Scottdale Earl W Dunn Vanderbilt Jay Sandt South Connellsville J J Cosgrove Broad Ford Bruce Gilbert Hickson Run Elizabeth Gilderay Dunbar Anna E Wilson Dunbar Grace F Lynn Dunbar Ruth Sullivan South Connellsville Clarence Sullivan South Connellsville Margaret Cahill Dunbar Virginia Hubert Connellsville Jerry H Carson Layton Nora E Morison Connellsville Jessie L Brown Connellsville Ruth Hay Dunbar Isabel McManus Dickerson Run Mae Bartlett Dunbar A T Fingal Erlin Mary Henry Leisenring Miss Jessie Wilhelm Dunbar E Leonia Walters Vanderbilt Ethel M Pratt Scottdale Crystal America Moon Vanderbilt Edith Miller Connellsville Edith May Marsh Vanderbilt Martha Callaghan Dawson Mildred Hick Connellsville Bertha P Lechner Leisenring Alice White Dunbar Mary Zé Vanderbilt Wendel Carroll Dunbar Edward Crow Dunbar Elsie Donovan Leisenring Mary Keighty Connellsville Vern Sherrer Vanderbilt Minnie Miller Dunbar Alice Hoey Leisenring No 1 Margaret Henry Leisenring Ann Cassidy Leisenring Marie Johnson Broad Ford Mary Fornwalt Connellsville Hazel L Allen Shoaf Margaret Lechner Dunbar Mae Redman Vanderbilt Elizabeth Fuller Upper Middletown Beryl Lauer South Connellsville Anna C Doyle Leisenring Daisy Frombes South Connellsville Ann M Donahue Pittsburg Mae Lynch Dunbar Christina Geisler Connellsville Sadie A Miller Vanderbilt Catherine Jenny Leisenring Ellsworth Mildred Stauffer Harriet Brock Smith Gillian Mains Vanderbilt Meridan Fields Dickerson Run Mary J Donohue Waterburg Myrtle White Connellsville Florence Hudlins Connellsville Ethel White Connellsville Howard Williams Dunbar Homer Charpenning Connellsville Beatrice Myers Mt Pleasant

OLD FOLKS RECEPTION AT PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Affair is In Charge of Kings Daughters and is Quite Successful in Every Way

The First Presbyterian church was the scene of a large and representative gathering of Connellsville's old folks Thursday afternoon the occasion being the annual reception for old folks given by the Kings Daughters of the church Mrs Walter Haines is president of the Society and with an able corps of assistants carried the affair out in a very delightful manner Not the smallest detail was overlooked in looking after the entertainment and comfort of the guests They were conveyed to and from the church in automobiles and carriages and on their arrival were received by the reception committee composed of the officers of the Kings Daughters

The old folks reception is one of the most important events in Connellsville's old folks and is always looked forward to with great interest and anticipation Each year new names are added to the list and the affair yesterday was the largest ever held 102 men and women being present The old folks are entertained once a year by the young folks of the First Presbyterian church and Methodist Episcopal church One reception is held in June and one in September They are royally entertained by the young folks and that they show their appreciation of their kind treatment is shown by their attendance each year

The church was tastily decorated in June roses and presented a scene of great beauty Huge bunches of different colored roses were placed in every available space In the chapel was an effective arrangement of flags and bunting Following the reception an entertaining musical and literary program was rendered An organ solo by Mrs A W Bishop was the opening number A song and the reading of a Psalm and the Lord's Prayer followed Miss Martha Fiden followed with a vocal solo A duet The Church in the Wildwood by Mrs J C Goodwin and Mrs Samuel Cox was the next number Mrs J M Culler rendered vocal solo I Cannot Sing the Old Song A reading by Mrs Ann M Neff took up the next period Mrs J O Goodwin sang a solo Addresses were given by Rev T L Ellis pastor of the Christian church and L W Wolf Mrs Mary Coulson and Mrs Roberts were among the old folks who gave short talks The oldest persons present were Mr Mary Dunlap who is 91 and Hannah Carr Mr Jane Stillwagon and Miss Jane Lafferette both of whom are 87 years old

At the conclusion of the program the guests were ushered into the church dining hall where an elegantly appointed supper was served The menu consisted of all the delicacies of the season and was greatly relished by the guests Bouquets of blooms and chrysanthemums were used in decorating After the tables there were number of tables which saw that each person was served with full and plenty of all the good things The Kings Daughters deserve great credit for the able manner in which the reception was carried out

Among the out of town guests were Mrs M W Moreland of Moreland Reid Dunbar township Mrs and Mrs L L Collins of Vanderbilt

W. C. T. U. CONVENTION

District No 3 of This County Meets in Christian Church

The following is the program for the sixth semi annual Institute of District No 3 Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Fayette County to be held Friday June 28 in the Christian Church

10 A M Devotional services Mrs C J Wilson Dunbar business session Election of officers song Crusade Glory Song question box Mrs W J Crisper music talk on What Boys and Girls Go Wrong Mrs E S Krepps discussion announcements noontide prayer Mrs Annie Artus adjournment

30 P M—Executive Committee meeting devotional services Mrs J M H Lahns preliminaries drill Mrs Kate Rencour Uniontown duet Miss Nin Jennings and Miss Phoebe Dunn Closed Bible instructed Mrs J Behdel song Pennsylvania Shall Be Free Proper Observance of Lord's Sabbath Day Mrs J M Armstrong Mrs F O Good Air Value of Total Abstinence Medal Mrs P C Miller adjournment

7 P M—Music orchestra devotional services Mrs J P Allison music Miss Jessie Rhodes address Woman's Suffrage Mrs Kate Rencour music orchestra address Medical Temperance Dr O C Dodd Scottdale music orchestra Temperance benediction Pages Pioneers Elizabeth Butterworth and Margaret Williams Michigan The officers are President Mrs Nellie H Showman Vice President Mrs L S Michael Recording Secretary Mrs Arthur Glotfelty Corresponding Secretary Mrs N B Smith Treasurer Miss Sue Colborn

MRS. CATHERINE O'BRIEN IS CALLED BY DEATH

She Had Long Been Ill at Home of Son-in-Law P J Tormay at Trotter

Mrs Catherine Therese O'Brien aged years three months and days died Wednesday afternoon at the home of her son in law Superintendent P J Tormay at Trotter following a lingering illness Requiem high mass was celebrated on Friday morning at 9 o'clock at the Immaculate Conception by Rev Father J T Burns Interment in St Joseph's cemetery

Mrs O'Brien was born in Ireland and was a daughter of Dominick Langton a prominent barrister of Ireland About fifty years ago she came to this country and later her parents came to America and settled in New York Her father practiced law in New York for some time Mrs O'Brien was married to Michael O'Brien and most of their married life was spent in Connellsville Mrs O'Brien was an accomplished musician and for about years she was organist at the Plains Catholic church Since the death of her husband which occurred some time ago she has made her home with her son in law and daughter Superintendent and Mrs P J Tormay Deceased was a member of the Immaculate Conception church By her gentle manner and kind disposition she won the friendship of all with whom she came in contact In addition to her daughter Mrs Tormay she survived by one son Edward William O'Brien a brother Dominick Langton of Chicago and a sister Mrs Monica Sullivan of Brooklyn N Y

Mrs Hurley Dead

Following a lingering illness Mrs D J Hurley died Wednesday at her home in Murphy avenue South Connellsville Requiem high mass was celebrated at the Immaculate Conception church Saturday morning at 10 o'clock Interment in the St Joseph's cemetery In addition to her husband and two children Anna and Charles Mrs Hurley is survived by the following brothers and sisters Peter Thomas of Latrobe Bernard Thomas of Leisenring Mrs John Long Mrs Matthew Lohan Mrs Connors of South Connellsville and Mrs Ellsworth Weaver of Alexander Ind

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SUIT STARTED IN HOLLAND TO GAIN FABULOUS FORTUNE

Wertz Heirs Claim Millions From the Crown Under Old Will.

CROWN CONFISCATED ESTATE

Somerset Cambria and Bedford County Members of Family Interested in Legal Battle Now Being Waged for Inheritance Now Great

SOMERSET June 19—The Wertz fortune in Holland, which attracted considerable attention a year or more ago has again been revived A suit against the Holland government to recover the fabulous amount claimed by the heirs has been instituted in the courts of Hamburg Germany at the instance of Estelle Ryan Snyder of Chicago Ill president of the Wertz Family Association which was organized some time ago primarily for the purpose of recovering the alleged fortune and tracing the heirs

The amount of the inheritance has expanded to the staggering point according to the claim set forth in the suit The heirs sue for $22 000 000 almost a quarter billion dollars which is greatly in excess of the former claim of $180 000 000 and which apparently discloses diligent and systematic investigation by the family association

The immense pile of money is alleged has grown from the estate of Gen Edward Wertz (or Wirtz) who died back in the eighteenth century leaving a will in which he directed that his heirs be located No heirs claimed his wealth at the time It seems and along about the middle of the nineteenth century the estate was confiscated by the crown The present heirs bring their claim on the ground that the laws of Holland contend that the confiscation was irregular and unlawful and will fight to have the alleged unfair proceedings set aside by the Dutch courts

Stories in Copenhagen Denmark newspapers recently narrated on an elaborate scale how the present Queen Louise wife of the late King Oscar II of Sweden King Oscar's wife was a Holland princess It is said and at the death of her father (King of Holland) he came the possessor of an immense inheritance the greater part of which was the alleged Wertz fortune

President Mrs Snyder of the family association expects to sail for Hamburg about July 15th and remain in Europe until the courts render a decision in the case Dr Von Velsen a direct heir of Hamburg is counsel for the plaintiff heirs and the association says he is charging no fee for his services The association also announces that sufficient funds are available to make a determined legal fight A Miss Wirges the direct descendent is named as plaintiff in the suit and under a provision in the German laws known as the poors privilege in awsuits may carry on the suit for herself and all the heirs

There are a number of Wertz heirs in Somerset Cambria and Bedford counties

OFFICERS ARE ELECTED AT CONVENTION HERE

Evangelical Association's Missionary Society Holds Interesting Sessions

In the absence of Mrs W E Bass president of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Evangelical church of the Pittsburg Conference Mrs R C Miller wife of Rev R C Miller of South Connellsville was appointed president at the opening of the annual convention Thursday afternoon in the South Connellsville Evangelical church Rev M M Laughlin of Cumberland read a paper on Will Our Excuses Stand? Mrs Rosen of Johnstown read a paper on How Can One Consecrated Woman Arouse Her Sleeping Auxiliary A missionary quiz was conducted by Mrs J W Richards of Harrisville Mrs Richards is the wife of the Presiding Elder Richards

The afternoon Rev W H McLaughlin conducted devotional exercises A report from the Quadrennial Convention was given by Mrs Smith of Cumberland Mrs R C Miller gave a talk on Mission and Temperance Mrs Lutzenich returned missionary from China spoke on Work Among the Women and Children of Schenchan China This evening Rev Lubich will speak on The Beginning and Present Conditions of Our Mission in China

The annual election of officers was held this morning and resulted as follows President Mrs J W Richards Blairsville Vice President Mrs W H M Laughlin Johnstown Recording Secretary Mrs R C Miller South Connellsville Corresponding Secretary Mrs J F Haviland Johnstown Treasurer Mrs M B McLaughlin Cumberland Superintendent Mission Band Mrs W T Connelly Organizer Mrs W J Helsel Johnstown

SUITS TOWNSHIP

Kelly Means Wins Damages From Bullskin Board

Kelly L Means of Vanderbilt Thursday brought suit against the Bullskin township Road District to recover damages of $2 500 Mr Means on or about December 11 1911, while passing along on the public road in the said township fell over a deep embankment breaking his jaw suffering bruises of the head and face and otherwise injuring himself

The accident arose from a deep cut permitted to be made by the township by the West Penn Railways Company which company occupies about one half the road Attorney P S Newmyer will represent the plaintiff

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EXPERT LEAVES BUREAU OF MINES FOR EXPERIMENTS

Dr. Snelling Will Perfect His Liquid Gas Invention.

HAS DONE MUCH USEFUL WORK

One Invention Alone Has Saved Government Half Million at Panama Expert on Explosives Has Played Major Part at Pittsburg Station

Dr Walter O Snelling consulting chemist of the Government Bureau of Mines who has been connected with the laboratories at Pittsburg for some time and whose researches in the field of high explosives have made him nationally famous, has severed his connection with the Government service and will devote his time henceforth to private work as a consulting chemist, but chiefly to developing the liquid gas which he recently invented

Since inventing what scientists all over the world have been trying for years to work out a liquid gas that would be at once practicable and not so costly as to prohibit its general use Dr Snelling has attracted wide attention from scientific men and his mail has been deluged with inquiries as to his discovery and with requests for lectures before scientific bodies His development of his invention has shown Dr Snelling that the field of liquid gas is much greater than was at first supposed when he endeavored simply to produce a light that would give country dwellers the advantages of their city brethren To cultivate the field opened by his discovery to the best possible advantage and to permit of even more benefits than will now accrue from it, Dr Snelling has decided that nearly all his time must be devoted to his experiments and for this reason has resigned from the Government service For a time at least Dr Snelling will continue to make his home in Pittsburg

Dr Snelling is 31 years of age and is a graduate of George Washington University Harvard and Yale receiving the degrees of B S M S M E and Ph D In 1907 he left a professorship at George Washington University to take up new work in connection with investigations of accidents in mines for the United States Geological Survey under Dr Joseph A Holmes In 1909 he became chemist in charge of the explosives laboratory of the Geological Survey and in 1910 when the Bureau of Mines was created he was transferred to the new bureau as chemist in charge of explosive investigations becoming consulting chemist to the bureau at the beginning of this year

Dr Snelling is the inventor of a number of devices which have been of great benefit to the Government and to manufacturers of explosives One of the chief of these perhaps is the waterproof detonator or dynamite cap which has saved the Government more than $500 000 a year on the Panama Canal work Before this invention no detonator would stand immersion in water more than a few hours but the Snelling detonator withstands water pressure for 60 hours

Dr Snelling also invented the Snelling centrifuge by which a test of dynamite is made which shows in what condition the explosive will be found after storage for a year He invented the densimeter which tells the absolute specific gravity of black powder and other explosives and has been of great benefit in making mine operations safe About 15 other devices have been invented by him and are in use in connection with Government work On none of them did he take out a patent giving them to the Government without reserve

The liquid gas his latest discovery has been hailed by experts everywhere as not only a boon to the dwellers in the country and a benefit to the Government for lighthouses buoys etc but a great factor in the conservation of the coal beds of the country now being rapidly depleted and at the same time will utilize power which now goes absolutely to waste in the natural gas and oil fields of the country No less an authority than Dr I C White State Geologist of West Virginia has said that 1 000 000 000 cubic feet of gas equal in heat and power to 1 000 000 bushels of coal goes to waste every day in the gas and oil fields of the United States The value and possibilities of the Snelling discovery can thus be understood

ROCK STRATA SETTLES AND SPRINGS BUBBLE ONCE MORE

Soil May Be Tilled Over Abandoned Mines of Morgan Valley When Nature Completes Labor

OWENSDALE June 20—The spring on the old Jimtown farm near the Tyrone church the part of that large farm that is now owned by Jermiah Elder is flowing freely once more thus indicating that the upper rock strata has settled and interferes with the natural underground flow from following through the worked out coal strata and washing through the sulphur veins of the coal outcroppings This settling of the rock strata has been noticed in many places at the old Tip Top spring on the Keister road and on the Gaitry and Rist farms

At the old Tyrone plant this is noticeably apparent When that plant was in operation and afterwards this underflow washed through the mine but since the mine has been abondoned and the supports and pillars crushed by rotting and the weight of the hill and the underflow resumed its natural course and has come to the surface in cool flowing springs In the years to come and not far distant the rock strata in the many old mines along the Morgan Valley will have settled from various causes and the underflow streams will be a boon to agriculture.

The Weekly Courier, $1 00 a year.

CRUCIBLE STEEL EARINGS INDICATE 12% NET FOR YEAR

Net for Past Nine Months $2 385 873 Equal to 9 54% on $25,000,000 Preferred

Statement of the Crucible Steel Company of America for the first nine months of the current fiscal year showed a healthy increase in net earnings which reached $2 385 873 equal to about 9 54% on the $25 000 000 preferred stock This means that the company is earning at the rate of about 12% annually on the preferred As the company is paying 7% on the preferred issue there would be about 5% remaining for the payment of accrued dividends which amount to date to 16% Whether or not the directors of the company will use this surplus for these payments remains to be seen but it has been the policy thus far to decrease this accumulation whenever possible

For the year ended with August 31 1911 the Crucible company showed net profits of $3 189 496 and for the fiscal year of 1910 $4,145 312 For 1912 this figure should be about $3 300 000 judging by the showing made by the first three quarters of the year As the company has passed through the period of price depression encountered by the steel trade during the last year this would be considerably better than most steel manufacturing concerns. One of the reasons for the stability of the earnings of the Crucible company is the fact that its product differs from that of other steel companies inasmuch as it makes largely high grade steels for tools used by machine shops cutlery works etc although it also makes some open hearth bars and railroad drop forgings There is very little change in prices however from one year to another and earnings depend solely on prices obtained for products

The Crucible company is operating its plants at between 75% and 80% of capacity and according to an official the outlook is good for the next year or so Railroads are putting up new machine shops and enlarging their old ones and this of course will insure an increasing consumption of the wares of the company The company does the larger part of the country's business in high grade tool steel so that it feels quickly the effect of a resumption of business

STEEL WIRE TO REPLACE COPPER IN ELECTRIC LINES

Westinghouse Experiments May Lead to the Early Electrifying of Railroads

The engineers of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company in conjunction with the engineering force of the New York New Haven & Hartford railroad have been conducting important experiments which are expected to go far to make a general electrification of railroads an early reality These experiments look to the substitution of steel wire for copper wire for the transmission of electrical energy The factor which has greatly retarded the electrifying of railroads is the enormous initial cost of such an undertaking Railroads will consider a long time before agreeing to the heavy expense involved in making the change not to speak of the loss represented by throwing the steam equipment into the scrap heap At the same time it is generally recognized that electric operation is much more economical than steam power

In the installation of the electric railway system the use of copper wire represents an enormous item and it is here the Westinghouse people have been trying to effect a change that would mean the saving of much money To this end they have adopted the use of steel wire covered with copper instead of pure copper wire The new wire will permit of an increased voltage which will deliver two and a half times as much power as that carried by the current at present The tensile strength of steel wire copper covered is several times that of pure copper wire and the poles or iron masts bearing the lines can be placed much farther apart reducing the cost in installation and insulation

PITTSBURG INSTITUTION WINS $362,500 VERDICT

Guarantee Title & Trust Company Victor in Big Lawsuit Against Coal Company

WAYNESBURG June 21—The Guarantee Title & Trust Company of Pittsburg was given a verdict of $362 500 against the Dilworth Coal Company the largest verdict ever rendered by a jury in Greene county

The Guarantee Title & Trust Company had started action to determine the validity of a $300 000 bond issue which was floated by the Dilworth Coal Company January 1 1906. The defendant company owns a coal plant at Rices Landing Greene county The Guarantee Title & Trust Company was represented by Attorneys A F Silveus of Waynesburg and Willis McCook of Pittsburg while representing some of the private bondholders were James E Sayers and James J Purman of Waynesburg and John Brown W S Dalzell James R Stirrett and Thomas D Chantler of Pittsburgh

BRIER HILL COKE COMPANY ELECTS OFFICERS FOR YEAR

No Change in the Personnel Is Made at Annual Meeting Held at Plant

The Brier Hill Coke Company held its annual election at the plant at Brier Hill Thursday The party of officers and Directors made the trip from Youngstown to Brier Hill in a special private car They were in Brownsville Wednesday evening and spent the night there going on to Brier Hill Thursday afternoon There were in the party W A. Thomas C G Thomas J D Butler Jr H H Stambaugh John Stambaugh R C Steese Hon David Tod John Tod Fred Tod Paul Jones Hon James Kennedy The party left at 4 o clock for Youngstown

The old Board of Directors were re elected and also the old officers who are H H Stambaugh President R C Steese Vice President John Tod Treasurer and Thomas McCaffery, Secretary and Manager

Labor World Notes.

New Brunswick workingmen are planning the organization of a provincial federation of labor

From July 1910 to January 1911 union labor in Los Angeles Calif increased 160 per cent or from 6 182 to 16 126

Common laborers in the steel industry of China earn 7 cents a day while in the United States they earn $1 07

The stogie makers union has rejected the terms of amalgamation offered recently by the International Cigar Makers Union

A grand total of $19 757 816 has been expended on behalf of the members of the Cigar Makers International Union since 1878

The Journeymen Cooks and Helpers Union of Denver Colorado has purchased a plot of ground with buildings for the purpose of establishing a home for its aged and infirm members

The referendum vote on the proposal to hold a convention of the Local of Pattern Makers this year resulted in its defeat but the same question will be submitted to the subordinate unions next year

A minimum rate of 6¼ cents an hour has been fixed for women employes in the tailoring trade in Great Britain Apprentices or learners are to receive wages of from 7s cents to $3 12 a week of 48 hours

The San Francisco Labor Council will ask the American Federation of Labor to urge Congress to take steps to build a national highway at a cost of $ 00 000 000 to the end that the unemployed may be furnished work

The Rocky Mountain Association of the United Mine Workers of America embracing four northwestern districts and two districts in Canada and representatives of 31 300 coal miners was formed in Butte Mont. to advocate the use of life saving apparatus

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen hopes to establish a home for aged and infirm members in California A site has been obtained in the vicinity of Ben Lomond Santa Cruz county and an effort is being made to get money for the erection of suitable building

The recently published report of the Canadian Labor Department shows that there are 1 741 local unions in Canada of which 1 231 are international and the remainder are affiliated with central bodies having no affiliation outside the Dominion Most of the unions are in large cities Toronto has 165 Montreal 95 Winnipeg 75 Vancouver 70

Dr A J McKelvey Secretary for the Southern States of the National Child Labor Committee states that there are a million children today under the age of 16 years who are employed in the various industries of this country in addition to another million in agriculture only a part of whom are assisting their parents on the farm

GOOD COAL OUTPUT

Tennessee Produces Nearly 6,000 000 Tons Valued at Over $7 000 000

The production of coal in Tennessee in 1911 was 6 383 156 short tons valued at $7 009 734 according to a statement by Edward W Parker just made public by the United States Geological Survey This was a decrease from the output of 7 111 [illegible] short tons valued at $7 92 [illegible] in 1910 of 16 per cent in quantity and [illegible] per cent in value Notwithstanding this truly notable decline the output in 1911 was larger than that of 1909 and exceeded that of any preceding year except 1910 In preliminary review of the coal trade of 1911 published in the closing week of that year Mr Parker stated that the production of Tennessee as of Alabama was about 10 per cent less than in 1910 The reliability of the information on which these estimates were based is attested by the complete returns The lessened production in 1911 is not indicative of any decline in the coal mining industry of the State for comparison with a series of preceding years shows that the tonnage was normal and there was a small advance in the average price Tennessee in common with the other States of the Appalachian region benefited by the long strike among the miners in the Mississippi Valley States in the spring and summer of 1910 and production was unusually stimulated The decreased tonnage in 1911 was simply a return to normal conditions

Nearly 2 per cent of the entire decrease was in the quantity of coal made into coke which declined from 616 658 tons in 1910 to 401 963 tons in 1911 The quantity of coal made into coke represents considerably less than 10 per cent of the total output In 1911 the number of men employed in the Tennessee mines was 10 703 The average production for each employe was 601 tons the average daily production per man was 2 09 tons

Tennessee's record with regard to the methods employed in the mining of coal is fair Operations producing about 80 per cent of the total output in 1911 reported that 13 9 per cent of their total production was mined by hand 46 6 per cent was undercut by machines and 40 5 per cent was shot from the solid It may be inferred therefore that nearly 60 per cent of the coal produced was mined before being shot or wedged down

Wants Divorce.

Charles Buttermore formerly of Connellsville who filed suit for a divorce from his wife Mary was sentenced to pay the costs in a non support and desertion case While the divorce was pending information was made against Buttermore by his wife charging him with non support and desertion The couple were married May 21 1904 in Washington county

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE NET, JUNE QUARTER, $1,300,000

Outside Estimate Means Annual Rate of 11% on Common Against 7 2% in 1911

It is expected that net earnings of American Locomotive for its June quarter the last three months period in the fiscal year will run between $1 200 000 and $1 400 000 This is based on the known results of April and May which showed net earnings of over $900 000 and a conservative estimate of the output for the current month

Net earnings of $1 300 000 would be an annual rate of 14% on the $37 000 000 common compared with 7 2% for the 1911 fiscal year the fiscal period to June 30 is likely to produce a balance for the common of between 9% and 10%

American Locomotive is now better fixed with forward orders than any time for five years It is understood the company has nearly five months business on its books It is probably running over 80%

Prices are still below normal but they have gradually advanced and outlook is more favorable than at any time since the panic for the restoration of the average manufacturing profit

One factor helping American Locomotive to get better net out of its gross is the important plant betterments started in 1909 These have consumed over $4 000 000 and are expected to earn enough to pay for themselves in four years even under normal run of business

American Locomotive has $ 000 000 notes coming due in 1913 and an equal amount in 1914 It is not likely the common will receive dividends consideration until these notes are out of the way The $3 600 000 notes sold last week however will not prove so formidable a proposition when it comes to consideration of common dividends They do not begin to mature until 1915 and come in three equal installments of $1 200 000 each

D C. RIPLEY DEAD

Veteran Glass Manufacturer Had Been Ill Several Years

Dana Campbell Ripley aged 62 a pioneer glass manufacturer and at the time of his death was president of Ripley & Company glass manufacturers with offices in the House Building died Thursday at his home 46 Wallingford street East End Pittsburg He had been in ill health for several years Mr Ripley was for many years president of the Ripley & Company firm and a number of years ago the company was merged with the United States Glass Company Mr Ripley became president of the latter company and retained that office for some time He then retired but was again elected to the office His health then compelled him to again resign and he spent some time in various lines in the hope of regaining his health A number of years ago Mr Ripley had held a holding from what is proved to be an interest in Sisson's Department Store and with the Ripley & Company of Connellsville He held both for the past years a director of the Western Pennsylvania Exposition Society and had on a number of occasions served as president of the society At the time of his death he was its treasurer His widow and several children survive

Accident Beats Policy

D L Kyle of Washington had a narrow escape when his machine went down the county Home hill The machine was valuable but the insurance on it did not expire until 24 hours after the mishap

Want Divorce

Charles H Fisher filed suit for a divorce from his wife Mary A Fisher They were married July 9 1897 at Altoona Fisher charges his wife with desertion

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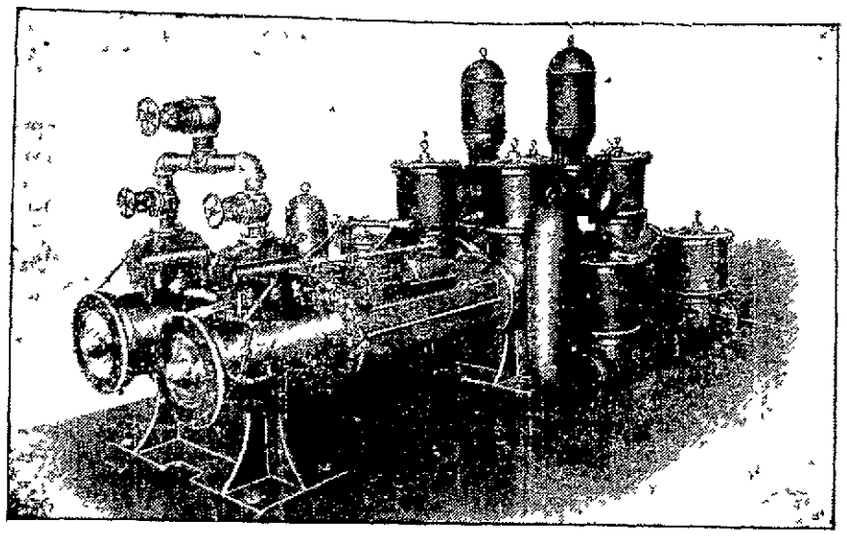

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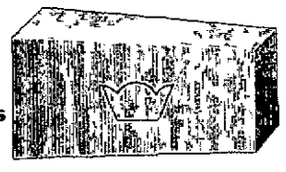

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